The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1901. NO. 11.

THE RIPPER law has been declared valid and constitutional by Judge Archbold, of the Luckawanna common pleas court This decision was expected, and it will be a surprise if the supreme court does not decide the same way. The attorney general of the State will probably press for speedy action by the supreme court on the ground that public interests involved require a prompt settlement of the disputed questions at issue. Mr. Quay has also great influence with the supreme court, as he has made most of its judges.

MARCONI, the demonstrator of wireless telegraphy, on his arrival in New York a few days ago complained that the wireless method is not making as great progress in this country as in Europe. "There is not so much talk in England of wireless telegraphy," he says, "for the reason that it has become established and is now used as one would use the telephone or telegraph. This country has been a little backward in taking hold of the matter." His present visit is to establish wireless telegraph stations along the coast, so that vessels arriving and departing can communicate with the shore.

THE ARGUMENT of the Philadelphia "Press" that it would be useless to give the Democrats a just share of the congressional districts, because the chances are they would turn Republican, is rather a lame excuse. If correct, why resort to gerrymandering to defeat an equitable division of the State? The "Press," however, solves the apportionment question in another way by declaring the Legislature does not intend to pass apportionment bills of any kind. This is flat denial of the mandate of the constitution, and in plain words is treason and perjury as to the organic law.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT is deluged with applications of volunteers for commissions in our largely increased standing army. There are 610 vacant second lieutenancies for which there are 7,000 applications. These are from volunteers alone, and do not include civilians. The rush is not so great for a place in the ranks, and conscription may be talked of before the new army of 100,000 shall have been recruited. Within the past two months, according to war department records, only 5,250 enlisted men have been secured by the Federal recruiting officers. At this rate twelvemonths will have elapsed before the 35,000 new troops required shall be enrolled. The physical standard of the service is high, and the men who can measure up to it may easily find more useful and profitable employment than is offered in the army rank and file. But every effort is being put forward in the way of recruiting. Almost all the available officers, even men on sick leave, have been assigned to recruiting duty, and small Southern villages are being searched as with a fine-tooth comb.

GOVERNOR WELLS, of Utah, has done himself great credit and saved his State from positive dishonor, by vetoing the bill recently passed by both both branches of the Utah Legislature practically legalizing polygamy for all Mormons who at the present time have a plurality of wives.

Under the act of Congress that finally halted Mormon polygamy, Mormons were required to recognize only their first wives as their lawful consorts, and while it did not hinder the plural-husband in supporting his other wives and children, or in any way prevent their inheritance, it was emphatic in requiring that the Mormon could have but one wife and that the one he first lawfully married.

Utah having become a sovereign State it is within the power of the Legislature to regulate its own domestic affairs, and an act was passed by both branches permitting those already possessing a plurality of wives to recognize them as such, but prohibiting any future plural marriages. Governor Wells promptly vetoed the bill and returned it to the Senate where it had originated. It had finally passed that body by a vote of 11 to 7, but on the question of sustaining the veto the vote was a tie, 9 to 9, thus defeating the bill, as it required 12 votes to pass it over the objections of the Governor.

This will doubtless be the last effort of the Mormons of Utah to flaunt polygamy in the face of her people and as an affront to the entire nation. The Mormons were emboldened by the sovereign power of a State and elected Roberts to Congress, who is living as the recognized husband of three wives. The House by a decisive vote rejected him because of his unfitness to serve as a Representative, and now the Governor has driven the last nail into the the coffin of the Mormon agitators who have been seeking to re-establish polygamy in Utah.

THE INDICATIONS are that the Quay leaders in the Legislature are determined on the defeat of the ballot reform measures pending in the House. There are four or five of these bills already introduced or promised. The Guffey bill and the Bedford bill are substantially the same in abolishing the party column, having the names of candidates in alphabetical groups, with party designations, and amending the disability section of the present law so that it will not be an official protection to bribery and intimidation. These are the essentials and embody practically all that is demanded to secure an honest vote and true count. There is great need for personal registration and the abolition of the tax payment prerequisite to voting, but they can be reached only by constitutional amendment.

The Quay leaders are determined to keep the circle at the head of the party column, and make independent voting more difficult if they can do so. This is the intent of the Focht bill, which, it is claimed, has been indorsed by Senator Quay as a proper bill, and the senator is also reported as declaring that no bill demanded by the independent reformers and indorsed by the insurgents shall pass. This purpose would throw out the Guffey bill, which is practically the same as the measure of the Ballot Reform association.

It is extraordinary, considering the pledges of ballot reform made by all parties in the last campaign, that any set of men should set to work to continue the fraudulent election system that prevails in Philadelphia and elsewhere, and under which it is possible to cast 80,000 illegal votes in the chief city of the State, and thus make all State as well as city contests a blistering shame and dishonor. Yet this is precisely what the Focht bill aims to do, and what the Guffey and Bedford bills seek to prevent. The issue is clearly defined, and the most skillful dodgers must face the music. Are the pledges of all parties last fall to be defeated in the interest of the ballot-box stuffers?

THE INSIDE PAGES OF THE REPORTER are brim full of the choicest news; look them over carefully. When you have done so you will conclude that the Reporter is a newsy paper.

A DEVILISH WOMAN.

Woman Accused of Poisoning a Little Girl in Mifflin County.

Mrs. Agnes Huff was arrested at Belleville, Mifflin county, charged by Nicholas Judiano with an attempt to poison his nine-year-old daughter Mary, by forcing acid down the child's throat.

Judiano says that the child, who was playing in the yard at the time, struggled to free herself from the woman's grasp, and ran to the house, but not until her lips and chin had been severely burned. Mrs. Huff was placed under $200 bail to appear before the grand jury.

PICKED UP BY TRACKMEN.

Mrs. Zong, of Linden Hall, Taken to Her Home on a Hand Car.

Wednesday afternoon when Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Jacob Zong were returning from spending the day at Henry Zeigler's, Mrs. Zong became quite sick and fell down unconscious. The section men came along from work and brought her back on the hand-car and then carried her into Wieland's store, while Dr. Kidder was hastily summoned. Restoratives were applied and in a few hours she was revived and then taken to her home at Rock Hill. She has been suffering with heart trouble for some time and the walk overtaxed her strength.

A Great Newspaper.

The Pittsburg Dispatch during this year and century will continue to maintain its high position among the leading newspapers of the country, and will, as it has been in the past, be the foremost paper in Western Pennsylvania. The Sunday edition of The Dispatch is conceded to be the leader in its line, with special articles by the foremost writers. The Home Study Circle, which has been a feature of the daily Dispatch for several years, has been succeeded by the Current Topic Club. In all Departments The Dispatch is complete; nothing being left uncovered.

Scrimmage Between Classes.

The freshmen class at Pennsylvania State College had arranged for a banquet at Milton Monday night, and the sophomores, as is the uesual custom, endeavored to prevent it from taking place. The freshmen had a freight car run to Dale's summit Sunday night and hoped to reach Milton in it without being found out. The sophs discovered and thwarted the scheme, which left each one to look out for himself. A number of the would-be banqueters were penned in various parts of the College building. A half dozen students reached Centre Hall station Monday morning on foot and hoped to take the morning train east, but when the train arrived there were a sufficient number of sophomores on board to frustrate their plan. By a bit of strategy on the part of Station Agent Bradford and engineer Cherry and his fireman the boys reached their destination in safety. At Lemont two young men conceived the idea to have themselves expressed to Milton, which was done, after being placed into a large store box. Two others slept on a straw stack at Linden Hall, but were not permitted to take the morning train. One young man was pretty badly hurt by being struck on the head.

Grand Musicale.

A public recital was given in the Lutheran church at Penn Hall on Saturday evening by the singing class recently organized and under the direction of Luther Musser, with C. E Zeigler presiding at the organ. This was a brilliant affair as well as a grand treat to the music loving people of that section. The program was very elaborate and well rendered; the house was filled and everybody pleased. The following is a copy of the program: My Daisy, solo, by Miss Verna Hettinger. The Whippoor will song; Let me linger where she's sleeping, soprano solo, by Mrs. Wallace Musser; Charming May, duet, by Sarah and Della Musser; The bobbin ran out, solos, by Misses Martha Burrell and Verna Zettle; The Beacon Light, quartette, by Misses Clara Condo, Sarah Musser, Wallace and Luther Musser; Four little robin birds, solo and chorus, by Misses Edna Hettinger and Mame Condo; Beautiful Waves, duet, by Misses Ella Condo and Sarah Musser; Gently down the vale of years, soprano solo, by Mrs. Wallace Musser; Good Night song. The solos and duets were interspersed with choruses and anthems.

Axe Makers Compromise Strike.

The employes of the Mann Edge Tool Company at Lewistown who have been on a strike for the last three weeks, owing to a ten per cent. reduction in wages, have accepted a compromise and resumed work on Monday morning.

A little daughter of Wm. Slagle, of Madisonburg, died last Thursday.

David Bierly Dead.

David Bierly, of Wood county, Ohio, died on the 22nd ult., at the ripe old age of 95 years, 2 months and 18 days. He was a son of Nicholas Bierly, who lived about one-half mile north of Rebersburg, where David was born and reared. While he was yet in his teens he left for Wood county, Ohio, where he married and reared a family. There he spent all his married life, clearing several farms right from the stump, cutting and burning the heavy timber, which was very plentiful there in his time.

$500.00 Worth of Seed.

Joseph Lutz sold about $500.00 worth of farm and garden seeds to parties throughout the valley. Monday the seeds came and were distributed from the car. Any one wishing seed in the future can get it from the same party.

Harry Fehl Badly Injured.

Harry Fehl, while dragging logs for the Linden Hall Lumber Company, fell in such a way as to get one of his lower limbs under the heavy timber, fifteen feet of which passed over the member. The foot was dislocated, and the ankle and lower portion of the leg badly lacerated. Dr. Kidder was taken to the camp, which is several miles out from Linden Hall, on an engine Wednesday night, and dressed the wounds. Mr. Fehl is a young married man and lives near Aaronsburg.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Rain Wednesday night.

One-half inch of snow fell last night.

To-day, Thursday, is the first day of spring.

D. H. Rote, of Aaronsburg, is seriously ill.

Al. Homan, of Cresson, is in town for a few days.

Extra copies of the Reporter can be had for three cents each.

Dr. Leitzel, of Spring Mills, was made happy, quite happy, the other day when the new little girl asked for quarters at his house.

Dr. James K. Hosterman telegraphed his brother-in-law, J. Frank Smith, at this place, that fire destroyed his office, etc, the other day. Dr. Hosterman is a son of A. P. Hosterman, of Centre Hill, and is located at Ford City, Armstrong county.

TOUR TO WASHINGTON.

Special Four-Day Personally-Conducted Trip via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Special Four-day Personally-conducted Tour to Washington on Monday, April 1, from Central Pennsylvania, offers an excellent opportunity to visit the National Capital satisfactorily and at a delightful season. The experience of the tourist agent who accompanies the party enables him to plan the tour of the city with the least possible waste of time.

Special train will be run from Wilkesbarre through to Washington; connecting trains will leave at time indicated below, and round-trip tickets, covering transportation, hotel accommodations from dinner on date of tour until after luncheon on April 4, will be at rates given:—

	Train Leaves.		Rate.
Carbondale	7.06	A. M.	$15 00
Scranton	7.48	"	14 35
Pittston	8.16	"	14 00
Wilkesbarre (special train)	8.45	"	13 60
Renovo	6.45	"	14 50
Williamsport	8.80	"	12 00
Bellefonte	6.40	"	14 00
Sunbury (special train)	10.50	"	11 70
Lykens	7.24	"	11 35
Altoona	7.10	"	14 00
Tyrone	7.43	"	13 60
Huntingdon	8.25	"	13 00
Chambersburg	9.45	"	10 30
Harrisburg (special train)	12.35	P. M.	10 10
Lancaster (via York)	10 41	A. M.	10 10
Columbia	11.20	"	9 80
York (special train)	1.35	P. M.	9 30
Ar. Washington	4.20	"	

Proportionate rates from intermediate stations.

Returning, special train will leave Washington at 3 30 P. M., Thursday, April 4. Passengers from points west of Williamsport, and from Dewart, Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Mifflinburg, Selinsgrove, Lykens, Dillsburg, Lebanon, Lancaster, Columbia, Wrightsville, and points on the Shamokin Division will use regular trains from Washington returning. All tickets will be good to return also on regular trains until April 11, inclusive.

Guides to Washington will be distributed free on the train.

For rates and time of trains from intermediate stations, itineraries, tickets, and full information apply to ticket agents; E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.; Tourist Agent, 44 Public Square, Wilkesbarre, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Spring Mills Academy.

The spring term of the Spring Mills Academy will open Monday, April 8, 1901. D. M. WOLF.

Spring Mills, Pa., March 16, 1901.

Public Sale.

Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, will sell at his residence, Rhoneymede, three miles west of Old Fort, ninety head of live stock, embracing Morgan and French Coach horses and colts, Holstein cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire swine, also farm implements. While these animals have not been registered they have been bred from registered sires for three and four generations. A rare opportunity to buy well bred stock. Sale begins at 10 a. m., March 29th, 1901.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Sheriff Brungart had business in Penns Valley last week.

Walter W. Bayard will be located at Passadena, Cal., for some time.

Landlord James W. Runkle was in Bellefonte on business Friday.

Mrs. Myra Kerr, of Spring Mills, will move to Centre Hall Thursday, March 28.

Ladies' and Children's Gingham and Percal Sunbonnets 12 to 24 cents, at Swartz's, Tusseyville.

David Burrell, of Spring Mills, was in Centre Hall Saturday and made it a point to call at the Reporter office.

Charles W. Slack will occupy a portion of the Dinges property until his new house is ready for occupancy.

Miss Elsie Moore went to Elysburg Monday to attend the Christine-Moore wedding. Miss Elsie is a sister of the groom.

Mrs. A. Edward Meyer, of Centre Hill, whose husband was killed recently, will move into the Dinges house in the spring.

Miss Anna Bartholomew will teach a select school after the close of the regular term. This will be good news for both parents and children.

Miss Mattie Wilson, of Centre Hall, is a guest at the home of her nephew, Hudson W. Love, on Third street, since Tuesday, says the Lewisburg Journal.

Millheim failed to get the water scheme through, but it was not the fault of misprint on the ballots. It appears that there was some error in making the returns of the election.

J. C. Wilson, who carries the mail from Mill Hall to Abdera and between mail time works at the Zeigler saw mill at the latter place, got his hand against the saw and all his fingers were cut off.

Mrs. W. Donachy, of Lewisburg, was the guest of Mrs. Joseph Lutz, Wednesday. Mrs. Donachy is a daughter of M. B. Herring, of Spring Mills, where she has been staying for the past few weeks.

John Strous, of Roopsburg, will move to the Cyrus Durst farm owned by Thomas Meyer, which had been farmed for the past few years by Ezra Tressler. The Durst farm, near Linden Hall, is one of the best in that section for grain and grass.

J. W. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, is putting Hon. L. Rhone's horse and cattle stock in condition for sale on March 29. Mr. Fry is a son of Capt. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, and is especially qualified to do just what he has undertaken for Mr. Rhone.

On last Friday afternoon while Mrs. Z. S. Welch, of Howard, was returning home from visiting a sick child at the home of Mr. Nathan Packer near Romola, she slipped and fell knocking her hip out of joint and seriously injuring her back.

Wm. Knoflsinger met with a bad accident at Colyer's keg and stave mill Friday of last week. He was working at the edging saw, and came in contact with the saw, badly cutting the thumb and first two fingers. Dr. Emerick dressed the wound, and hopes to save the useful members.

George W. Barner has given up the notion of moving to Sugar Valley and will farm and haul for Wm. Colyer, his former employer. He will move to the property now occupied by Wm. Walters on Hoffer street. The latter gentleman will move to the Sweetwood farm, near Sprucetown.

John L. Potter, Esq., of Milesburg, was in town on business Friday of last week and called on the Reporter during the writer's absence. Mr. Potter was looking around to rent a business stand and dwelling house and made a proposition to the agent of the Dinges store room, but failed to secure the same.

Fred Christine, who for the past year lived with S. W. Smith, in this place, Monday morning went to his home in Elysburg. He will attend the wedding of his sister, and possibly go with his father, Rev. F. F. Christine, to Ohio, where the latter has become pastor of a Presbyterian charge at Harden.

Christian Houser, of near Linden Hall, was a caller Monday, and stated that he had sold the Andrew Crotzer tract of land, near Centre Hall, to Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot for $850 00. The dairy run by W. J. Smith will no doubt profit by this transaction. Mr. Houser is a shrewd business man and can take care of his own interests about as easily as the next man.

Prof. J. C. Bryson, principal of the Boalsburg schools, in company with Miss Woods, spent Saturday afternoon in Centre Hall, the guests of Miss Roxanna Brisbin. Prof. Bryson is a graduate of Bucknell and is meeting with unusually good success in teaching at Boalsburg. He is advertising for a summer teachers' normal of eight weeks to begin April 15.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

An inch of snow fell Friday night.

See Grant Hoover, Bellefonte, before you insure.

Benjamin Roush, of Madisonburg, is quite ill.

J. C. Bible has been appointed postmaster at Centre Hill.

14 pounds Glauber Salt for 25 cents, at Swartz's, Tusseyville.

Henry Homan Tuesday moved to the Odenkirk farm at the Old Fort.

Andy Long, of near Pleasant Gap, will move to the Brockerhoff farm near the Old Fort.

Miss Rosie Maize, of Millheim, returned to the home of W. W. Boob, in this place, for the summer.

Mrs. Wm. Wolf, of this place, Friday of last week attended the funeral of Henry G. Wolf, at Mifflinburg.

The Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company met Tuesday at this place. No special business was transacted.

Miss Lizzie Wieland, of Linden Hall went to Lebanon, where she entered a millinery store for the summer.

Wm. Felding, after staying with his parents, at Linden Hall, for several weeks during their illness, returned to Philadelphia Tuesday.

Mrs. W. W. Wittenmyer, the wife of former Prothonotary Wittenmyer of Snyder county, died on Monday at her home in Middleburg.

George Markle, of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension of $8 per month and Z T. Overdorff, of Brush Valley one of $10 per month.

J. F. Smith has renewed his agency for the Plano binder, and will be ready to furnish any one wanting a binder with a first-class machine. He is also handling binder twine.

Dr. W. E. Park has leased the Odenkirk property and after April first his professional shingle will dangle from under the windows of that historic residence. No comments.

George T. Ritter, principal of the High School of South Williamsport, has resigned, to accept the chair of Latin and German in the Central State Normal School, at Lock Haven.

J. Calvin Meyer, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, I. O. O. F. Mr. Meyer is prominently identified with Odd-fellowship in this part of the state.

J. H. Keller, son of Jas. A. Keller, of this place, a member of the Senior class of the Reformed Theological Seminary at Lancaster, has been selected one of the honor men, to represent the department of new testament theology.

John Runkle has taken the contract to saw, cut and pack the staves at Colyer's mill at the station. Mr. Runkle has been at the business for some time and does his work in such a satisfactory manner that Mr. Colyer turned over the entire stave department to him.

Read the advertisement of John S. Auman, the miller, in another column. He is making first-class flour and feed, and asks the patronage of the home trade. You will find his flour just what it is recommended to be, and that is that it will give entire satisfaction.

The resolution to amend the Constitution so as to permit the use of voting machines passed the Senate finally. This resolution went through both branches last session, and if approved by the present House, will go before the people in next fall's election for final approval or rejection.

Representative John K Thompson has been appointed by Speaker Marshall a member of the Pennsylvania Commission to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. The commission at a meeting at Harrisburg effected an organization and decided to erect a State building at a cost of $15,000 on the Exposition grounds.

H. E. Schreckengost, of Farmers Mills, was a caller Thursday of last week. Mr. Shreckengost has a record of killing two dozen coons and a half dozen foxes during the past winter, and has for sale a first-class hound. This gentleman does not spend all his time hunting, but advertises elsewhere in the Reporter that he is open for engagements either as auctioneer or carpenter. Give him a trial and let him prove his case.

Former Gov. Daniel H. Hastings sailed from Philadelphia Thursday morning of last week for Cuba in company with Mr. John Holden, of the Sterling Coal Co. The Governor's trip is one of business and pleasure and he hopes also to receive health benefits from the ocean voyage. He will visit the principal cities in Cuba and will take a look at our new Porto Rican possessions. The Bahamas may also be included in his itinerary. He expects to be gone about three weeks.

THEY DEMAND RANSOM.

Thieves Threaten to Kidnap a Boy If It Is Not Paid.

VERY BOLD AND UNUSUAL SCHEME.

Three Thousand Dollars' Worth of Diamonds Disappear, and the Owner Is Told That If a Ransom of One Thousand Dollars Is Not Paid for the Return of the Gems, His Little Boy Will Be Kidnapped.

Kansas City (Special).—A theft of $3000 worth of diamonds from Edwards & Sloan, wholesale jewelers, and a threat to kidnap the young son of Geo. H. Edwards unless $1000 should be paid immediatley for the return of the gems, is a story with which the local detectives are wrestling. The boy is being guarded closely.

The theft, according to statements just made public by detectives, occurred late Monday afternoon last. The gems disappeared mysteriously from the firm's storerooms in the downtown district, and all efforts to trace them prove unavailing. On the following morning Mr. Edwards received a letter containing a proposition to return the diamonds upon the payment of $1000. The letter stipulated that the money be in $20 bills, be wrapped in a package and left at midnight Wednesday at Fortieth and McGee streets, in the southern part of the city. The letter expressly stated that the package should be sent out by William Dearduff, one of the firm's clerks, and closed by threatening to kidnap Mr. Edwards' son if the money was not forthcoming. Mr. Edwards immediately had his son taken out of school, and he has since been guarded at the Edwards' home.

Wednesday night Dearhuff, with a package of waste paper, went alone to the corner designated. In his story to the detectives Dearduff says he was met by two men, one of whom demanded a package, and then commented:

"Now you turn back, and don't look back, and don't say a word for twenty-four hours."

The next day Dearduff reported that he had found the missing tray in the basement of the Keith and Perry building. Later he reported that while working in the basement some one had stabbed him in the back. The wound was trifling. He could not give a description of his assailant. The detectives are still working on the case.

KILLED HOLDING HOSE.

Fireman Tortured and Shocked to Death By Electric Light Wire.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—During the progress of a fire at the corner of Duquesne Way and Fort street one man lost his life and three others were badly hurt. The property loss will be fully $250,000, well insured. All of the injured men are in the hospital, in rather bad shape, but all will recover. The fire broke out in the boiler-room of the Hiram W. French Company's hair felt factory, just opposite the exposition main building. From the felt factory the flames jumped across the street and in a very short time the Exposition building was burning fiercely. All the firemen could do here was to prevent the flames spreading. After hard work this was accomplished. The main building was a complete wreck.

Gas Explodes in a Room.

Bluffton, Ind. (Special).—A girl 4 years of age caused a gas explosion here that wrecked a house and cost the life of the child and that of her 2-year-old sister and the fatal injury of her mother, Mrs. William Huffman. The girl's mother, Mrs. Huffman, was at work in the kitchen, while her two children were playing in an adjoining room. The elder pulled the gas connection from the stove; the gas filled the room and, igniting from the heat of the stove, caused an explosion. Mrs. Huffman rushed into the blazing room and grabbed the younger child, and was herself burned so severely that there is no hope for her recovery.

The Mining Troubles.

Scranton, Pa. (Special).—The meeting of the district presidents of the United Mine Workers was held here instead of at Wilkesbarre, as had been proposed. President Mitchell is suffering from a severe cold, and has given orders to let no one to his room to see him. District Presidents Nichols and Duffy, when interviewed, said that the meeting was simply to prepare plans for getting the operators to a conference, but nothing was determined upon.

Author of Juvenile Books Dead.

Harpswell, Me. (Special).—The Rev. Elijah Kellogg, author and preacher, whose fame rested on his books for boys and his recitation, "Spartacus to the Gladiators," which nearly every schoolboy has learned at some time, is dead. A constitution weakened by advancing years could not throw off the effects of bronchial pneumonia, from which he suffered for some days.

Boers Now Cutting Wires.

Capetown (By Cable).—The Boers have cut the wires on the telegraph line connecting with Natal, thus isolating that province from the forces in the Transvaal for the time being. This, taken in connection with De Wet's reported march Natalward, is regarded as serious.

Many Bodies Entombed.

Cumberland, B. C. (Special).—After nearly a week, during which a heavy column of water has poured continuously into the shaft of No. 2 mine and No. 6 mine, the task of pumping out the water has commenced.

Kaiser Has Recovered.

Berlin (By Cable).—The physicians who are attending Emperor William will not yet allow him to go outdoors, but he has practically recovered from his injury.

No Peace Through Botha.

London (By Cable).—The British War Office has practically given up the idea of peace being brought about in South Africa through the Botha negotiations. The War Office has just issued an appeal from Lord Kitchener, in which the British commanding general says: "Any comforts which individuals may desire to send to the troops in view of the Approach of the South African winter will be acceptable and should be dispatched as early as possible."

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

A fire that started in the plant of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company, St. Louis, burned the ice storage plant of that company and other property. Aggregate loss $100,000. Two men were injured.

All of Mr. John D. Rockefeller's interests in the iron business are to go into the United States Steel Corporation.

Charles Resick was shot and killed in Chicago by Daniel Peters, whom he accused of stealing his chickens.

The National Witch Hazel Company, a trust combining the various concerns, is now assured.

Mrs. John McMahon committed suicide by jumping from a railroad bridge in Norwalk, Ohio.

A mob of coal miners wanted to lynch Deputy Sheriff Frank McCoy, of Middlesburg, Ky.

A mysterious collision occurred off Atlantic City, and a large three-masted schooner lies on the bottom, in 12 fathoms, with all sails set. It is supposed that all on board perished.

Judge Blackstone, Accomac county, Va., announced has candidacy for the constitutional convention, and declared himself in favor of disfranchising all negroes and letting all the whites vote.

Miss Bessie Gast, of Lancaster, Pa., confessed having swindled the Fulton National Bank out of $200, which she gave to a male friend.

Emma Sheetz, of Bridgewater, Va., after being rejected by Miss Campbell, to whom he had proposed, shot and killed himself.

Abraham Ford, colored, was found burned to a crisp near his shanty, about a mile from Martinsburg, W. Va.

The United Mineworkers' Convention, in session at Hazleton, Pa., passed a resolution authorizing the executive board to order a strike if the operators refused to attend a joint conference to be called.

J. Kennedy Tod, a New York banker, bought the Dewey Arch, which he will place at the entrance to his summer residence at Sound Beach, Conn.

Ballie Crutchfield, a colored woman of Rome, Tenn., who was suspected of larceny, was shot to death by a mob and her body was thrown into a creek.

The strikers refused an offer of 12 per cent. increase made by Superintendent Davis, of the Sanquoit Silk Mill, in Scranton, Pa.

George Kerr, one of Jennie Bosschieter's murderers, is reported to be on the verge of physical collapse in New Jersey State Prison.

Four contraband Chinamen were arrested at Morristown, N. Y., and put in jail. They crossed the ice from Canada.

Messenger Dougherty, of the United States Subtreasury in Philadelphia, was robbed of $1,000 by a pickpocket.

Eight hundred miners employed at the Lick Fork and Logan mines, in West Virginia, struck.

Militiamen on guard at the Nebraska Penitentiary prevented the escape of 12 convicts.

Congressman Marriott Brosius, of Pennsylvania, died at his home in Lancaster.

The Virginia Court of Appeals handed down a decision sustaining the ouster of Chief of Police Harwood and finally ending the fight between him and Mayor Moss, of Newport News.

Miss Ethelyn Quimby, of Grand Rapids, secured the arrest of Mrs. Belle Fitzgerald, a fortune-teller in New York, who got money and jewelry from her.

The United States District Court in Boston found an indictment against George M. Foster, formerly cashier of the South Danvers National Bank.

Signor Marconi arrived in New York and is going to Washington to arrange for the establishing of wireless telegraph stations along the coast.

Ralph C. Bateman, of Norwood, Mass., killed Miss Ella F. White, who rejected his attentions, and then committed suicide.

Foreign.

The Royal Munster Fusiliers laid a Celtic cross of shamrocks and lilies upon the tomb of Queen Victoria.

Small detachments of British and Russian troops continue guarding opposite sides of the railway siding in dispute at Tientsin, while negotiations are pending. The Russians continue to purchase land in their new concession.

German military officers in China say the instructions to the American troops to leave China are a "great mistake," on the ground that it will be necessary to retain a large body of foreign troops in China for at least two years.

The arrest of an official of the Korean government on the charge of plotting to murder ladies of the imperial household has caused a Cabinet crisis.

Mr. Rockhill, the American commissioner in Pekin, says Li Hung Chang is a physical wreck, and his death may occur at any moment.

United States Minister Conger is reported to have said before leaving Pekin that if the Manchurian Treaty between China and Russia was ratified it would certainly affect the peace negotiations.

With interesting ceremonies the steamer Ophir, having on board the Duke and Duchess of York and Cornwall, started on its tour, which is to include all the British possessions.

Pressure is being brought to bear on the British government to bring about a countervailing, in addition to the half-penny per pound tax to be imposed on sugar.

The Reichstag passed to second reading the supplementary estimates for the China expedition, amounting to 123,323,000 marks.

In the duel fought between Count de Castellane and M. de Rodays the latter was shot in the thigh and the Count was uninjured.

Advices from Durban, Natal, state that the Boer commanders met at Pietersburg to discuss the situation.

The docks in Marseilles are guarded by troops, and the imoprted laborers were undisturbed.

Financial.

Bank clearings are one-third larger than in 1900 at his time.

The gold owned by the Treasury has lately increased about $8,000,000.

United States Steel will be listed in London as soon as practicable.

The Bank of England will receive £500,000 in gold from India about April 1.

The exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures to India, the Straits and the far East for the year 1900 amounted to £57,521,211, against £56,040,024 for 1889.

COSSACKS PLY WHIPS.

They Slash at Crowds of Students in St. Petersburg.

MANY OF THE TROOPS KEPT BUSY.

Trying to Suppress a Demonstration of the Students in Memory of the Death of Vetrora, the Girl Who Committed Suicide Some Years Ago in a Dungeon, in Order to Escape Infamous Persecutions.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The students organized what was intended to be an imposing demonstration in front of the Cathedral of Our Lady of Kazan, the occasion being the anniversary of the death of Vetrora, the girl who committed suicide some years ago in a dungeon of the political prison in the Fortresses of SS. Peter and Paul in order to escape infamous persecution.

Immense crowds assembled on the Nevskoi Prospekt, the principal street of the city, and the adjacent thoroughfares. The military in even greater numbers occupied the district, closed the entrances of all houses and shops, patrolled the streets, and time after time cleared the pavements, making many arrests, including teachers and pupils of the higher grade girls' school. Several of these young women resisted arrest.

A number of students who had recently protested against the excommunication of Count Tolstoi assembled inside the cathedral and began smoking, shouting, throwing things at the holy images and whistling while the sacred elements were being prepared for the sacrament.

One of the cathedral banners was seized by the students, who used it in the fighting outside the cathedral,where proclamations were thrown among the crowd containing such phrases as "Long live liberty and free government," and "Down with the Czar" and "Down with rotten officials."

Finally the students unfurled a red flag, and an attempt by the police to seize it was the signal for a general fight.

Faces were cut open by the whips of the Cossacks. Old women were crushed almost to death. A child was killed, and it is reported that there were other fatalities, though it is impossible to confirm the rumor. Further disorders are expected to-morrow.

MAY HAVE ISLE OF PINES.

Cuba Will Also Submit to Sanitary Supervision, But Nothing More.

Havana (Special).—It is stated that in a majority of the individual reports of the mebers of the constitutional convention committee on foreign relations it will be recommended that the United States be given the Isle of Pines and allowed to establish sanitary measures under the direction and control of the Washington government, but that the other provisions as outlined in the Platt amendment will not be agreed to. The report of the committee will be an extensive document, giving reasons in detail why the amendment cannot be accepted.

Information received at the War Department from Cuba is to the effect that the island is in a more tranquil state than ever before, and that the people are not giving much heed to what is being done regarding the government of the island. The statements that the Cuban constitutional convention has rejected the Platt amendment to the army appropriation bill have not been officially communicated to the War Department.

Disastrous Fire in Kansas.

Armourdale, Kan. (Special).—Ten homes, two saloons and five business houses were destroyed by fire here. An empty gasoline can and other mute testimony indicate that two of the three simultaneous fires which caused this loss were of incendiary origin, and the belief is general that some people, angered at the fines imposed upon two women for wrecking one of the two saloons destroyed by fire started the flames to destroy the saloons and get revenge. Fire was first discovered in Brosnan's saloon. While the firemen were working there flames broke out from Eaton's saloon, which was recently raided by the followers of Mrs. Nation, who were fined for their work.

Four Boilers Explode as One.

Olenstee, Fla. (Special).—Four large boilers at Eppinger & Russell Company's saw mill and lumber works blew up simultaneously ten minutes after the one hundred or more men had quit work. The entire plant, one of the largest in the State, was completely wrecked. The explosion could be heard for several miles. No person was in the factory, and only one person, who was the last in leaving, was injured. He was a considerable distance away, but was wounded by wreckage. Had the explosions occurred ten minutes earlier scores of lives would have been lost. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

Mob Acted When Jury Failed.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—At Tiptonville, in Lake County, a mob hanged Ike Fitzgerald to a tree near the courthouse. The negro was charged with assault on a white girl, Miss Mina Davenport, nineteen years old, and a trial jury had just reported that they could not agree and had been discharged. A different verdict had been expected, and the mob seized the prisoner before the sheriff could hurry him from the courtroom and hanged him to the first tree.

Slow in Settling Indemnity.

Pekin (By Cable.)—Little was accomplished at the meeting of the foreign ministers on account of the delay of the various governments in agreeing to the conclusions reached in the matter of indemnity claims. No minister is allowed full liberty to act for his government.

Woman Sat on Burglar.

Denver (Special).—Georgiana Thompson, a pretty blonde, sat on a burglar for half an hour Saturday, shrieking when he attempted on several occasions to free himself from her grasp and sticking him violently with a long hatpin whenever he tried to throw off his burden, which rested upon him as he lay on the hall floor of a building on Seventeenth street. The burglar is now in jail. Miss Thompson is ill with nervous prostration, but withal proud to tell of her experience.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

May Make Evans Minister to Japan.

One of the interesting rumors in Washington is to the effect that Hon. Henry Clay Evans, Commissioner of Pensions, is to succeed Hon. Alfred E. Buck as Minister to Japan. Mr. Buck is now in this country on a leave of absence, and it is reported may not return to his post. No confirmation of this rumor can be obtained. State Department officials deny any knowledge of a contemplaed change in the Japanese mission. It has been understood, however, that Mr. Evans would be given a good foreign appointment if a vacancy occurred in any desirable mission. Should Minister Buck conclude to retire the post at Tokio would, it is believed, be very acceptable to Mr. Evans.

May Negotiate New Treaty.

Secretary Hay had a long conference with Senator Morgan respecting isthmian canal matters and the advisability of seeking negotiations for a treaty with Great Britain on the subject. The Secretary is losing no opportunity of acquainting himself with the views of the Senators on this subject, and the conference with Senator Morgan is only one of nearly a dozen he has had on the same subject with leading Senators and Representatives since the adjournment of Congress.

President Seems Merciful.

The President has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Private John H. Schmidt, of Co. A, Thirty-sixth United States Volunteers, convicted of murder at Lingayen, P. I., by a general court martial. Not since the beginning of the Spanish-American War has the President permitted a United States soldier to be executed. Several have been sentenced to death by courts martial for murder, desertion or other offences made capital by the articles of war, but in every such case executive clemency has been extended.

Exploiting Dairy Products.

R. A. Pearson, first assistant in the Dairy Division of the Department of Agriculture, has left for Porto Rico with instructions to establish agencies there for American dairy products. He will visit Cuba, Hayti and San Domingo also. The determination of the department, it is announced, is to establish markets everywhere in the Caribbean Sea for American dairy products.

Capital News in General.

A protest has been made to the Venezuelan government on account of annoyances to which our consular agent at Barcelona has been subjected.

Our Minister to Peru has been instructed to accept that government's offer to pay 3000 soles in settlement of the Fowks claim.

Arrangements have been practically completed for the conference of the American republics, to be held in the City of Mexico.

In reply to the criticisms made of the new methods of customs inspection at New York, Assistant Secretary Spaulding shows that under them $19,413 was collected in 11 days, against $1,398 for the same period last year.

The officials of the Treasury Department are making arrangements to redeem unused revenue stamps when the War Revenue Reduction Law goes into effect.

The Civil Service Commission has arranged for examinations to be held throughout the country for federal positions in the Philippines.

Captain John McGowan, U. S. N., has been ordered to Washington to be examined for retirement.

The Naval Board reported upon the result of the trial trip of the battleship Alabama.

The government has sent an order to General Chaffee for the evacuation of China by American troops, leaving only a legation guard of 150 men. General Chaffee and his staff will accompany the troops to Manila.

All of the army officers stationed in Washington, by order, appeared at the Department in uniform and were introduced to Colonel Sanger, the new Assistant Secretary of State.

The Board of Awards of the Navy Department recommended the advancement of Colonel Meade and Lieutenant Winship.

Elaborate arrangements have been made for the dispatch of regulars to the Philippines and the return of the volunteers.

Charles H. Duell, commissioner of patents, submitted his resignation to the President.

Vice-President Clark, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, discussed the question of public ownership before the Industrial Commission.

Vice-President Roosevelt, after calling on President McKinley, left for his home at Oyster Bay.

Col. William Cary Sanger, of New York, was appointed Assistant Secretary of War.

Lieutenant-General Miles and his party left for a trip to Cuba.

Our New Possessions.

All the natives on the Island of Marinduque have been ordered to live in the five principal towns.

The transport Kilpatrick arrived at San Francisco with 388 soldiers from Manila.

The Filipino Junta at Hongkong is reported as saying that the surrender of Lieutenant General Trias to the Americans is a bad blow to the cause of the insurgents, as he was a large contributor to the expense of carrying on the war.

The transport Kilpatrick, with 400 sick soldiers, has arrived at San Francisco from Manila. Four privates died on the voyage.

It is stated in Washington that Cuba's answer to the United States' proposition was the result of the intrigue of European agents interested in the Spanish loan.

There are a number of cases of varioloid in Porto Rico, but vaccination is general.

Two members of the Porto Rican regiment at San Juan committed suicide. There have been seven suicides in this regiment in six months.

Lieutenant General Mariano Trias, with nine officers and 200 men of the Filipino insurgents, surrendered to the Americans.

Commandant de Jager, tried in Natal as a rebel, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $25,000.

GEN. HARRISON BURIED.

President McKinley at the Grave of the Ex-President.

THOUSANDS SEE FUNERAL CORTEGE.

The Honorary Pallbearers Include Members of the Cabinet of Gen. Harrison When President--James Whitcomb Riley an Active Pallbearer--An Impressive Scene in the First Presbyterian Church.

Indianapolis (Special).—Surrounded by fully 15,000 of his fellow-citizens the body of Benjamin Harrison was Sunday afternoon buried in the family lot in Crown Hill Cemetery.

Close by the grave were the members of his family, President McKinley and other visitors of distinction, and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of 50 yards, behind ropes guarded zealously by a large force of police, stood with uncovered heads a great multitude who did not know him so well as those who stood beside the freshly upturned earth, but who honored him and admired him quite as much.

For nine hours Saturday the body lay in state in the Capitol, and in that time not for a moment was there a break in the lines of those passing by the coffin to take a last look at the ex-President. The outpouring at the funeral was a continuation of the evidence of the esteem in which he was held.

At the Harrison home before the body was taken to the First Presbyterian Church, where the full service was held Sunday, brief exercises were held for the members of the family and immediate friends of General Harrison. About 150 persons were present. Mrs. Harrison did not appear, but remained in her room until it was time to leave for the church.

President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Durbin, called at the house about 1 o'clock. At about the same time came the members of President Harrison's Cabinet and others continually arrived until the short services were over.

The procession was to have left the house at 1.30 o'clock, but it was fully 30 minutes later than that when everything was in readiness. The doors were thrown wide open and the honorary pall-bearers—Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, of New York; John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia; Wm. H. H. Miller, of Indianapolis; John W. Noble, of St. Louis; Charles Foster, of Fostoria, Ohio; Gen. Lew Wallace, of Indianapolis; Judson Harmon, of Cincinnati, and William A. Woods, of Indianapolis—came slowly down the walk leading to the street.

After them came the active pall-bearers bearing the coffin. They were: A. L. Mason, James Whitcomb Riley, Evans Woolen, Harry J. Milligan, Clifford Arrick, William C. Bobbs, Harry S. New, Howard Cale, John T. Griffiths, Newton Booth Tarkington, Hilton D. Brown and Samuel Reid.

Events in Gen. Harrison's Life.

1833—Born at North Bend, Ohio, August 20; son of John Scott Harrison and grandson of William Henry Harrison, President of the United States.

1851—Graduated from Miami University, Oxford, Ohio.

1853—Married to Caroline Levinia Scott.

1854—Began the practice of law in Indianapolis.

1862—Raised a company of Indiana volunteers for the Union Army; was successively promoted until he became brigadier-general.

1876—Unsuccessful Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana.

1881—Took a seat in the United States Senate, holding it until 1887.

1888—Elected President of the United States on the Republican ticket, receiving 233 votes in the Electoral College against 168 for Grover Cleveland.

1892—Renominated for the Presidency and defeated by Grover Cleveland, who received 277 Electoral votes, against 145 for Harrison and 22 for J. B. Weaver, Populist.

1896—His first wife having died, he married her niece, Mrs. Mary Scott Lord Dimmock.

1899—Counsel for the Venezuelan Government before the arbitration tribunal to settle the boundary dispute with Great Britain.

1900.—Appointed by President McKinley a member of the International Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

Three Killed in Collision.

Clay Switch, Ky. (Special)—In a head-on collision between freight trains on Illinois Central Railroad three men were instantly killed and three fatally injured. The dead are Engineer Dickey, of Paducah, Fireman Newman, of Newbern, Tenn., and Fireman Hamlett, of Fulton, Ky. Engineer Bornschein, of Paducah, Engineer Hazleton and Brakeman Roberts (colored) were injured. A misunderstanding of orders is said to have caused the wreck.

Boni Shoots De Rodays.

Paris (By Cable).—The De Rodays-Castellane duel is over, M. de Rodays has received a ball in the thigh and Count Boni and the journalist have shaken hands.* The combatants were dressed in tightly buttoned black frock coats, with the collars raised, so as not to show any shirt or collar, and each wore a silk hat. Both looked calm. The scene was curious, for the two adversaries, with the seconds and doctors, had only exchanged a "parliamentary bow" as they took their respective places.

Negro Schoolhouse Burned.

Corsicana, Tex. (Special).—A negro schoolhouse at Corbet, eight miles west of Corsicana, has been burned by incendiaries. The negroes in that neighborhood were warned to leave in 48 hours. Several shots were fired into a negro house, but none of the occupants were injured. The negroes feared a race war as a sequel to the recent burning of John Henderson.

Two Sleeping Cars Burned.

Palatka, Fla. (Special).—Two Pullman sleeping cars, Tabita and Elmer, of train No. 32, of the Plant System, Tampa to Jacksonville, were destroyed by fire at Buffalo Bluff. The sleepers were filled with tourists, and all of them were asleep at the time of the fire. So quickly did the flames spread that there was practically no time for saving clothes or valuables. The loss in money and jewelry is said to be, according to the statements of the passengers, between $10,000 and $15,000. The total loss is estimated at $60,000.

BIG BLAZE IN BOSTON.

Fierce Fire in the Advertiser and Record Newspaper Building.

Boston (Special.)—Three lives sacrificed, nearly a dozen men more or less injured and many thousands of dollars' damage were the results of a fierce fire in the Daily Advertiser and Record seven-story, granite-front building in Newspaper Row here.

How the fire started is not known, but it was first seen in the pressroom, and it spread to the elevator well and darted to the top so rapidly that before the occupants of the two upper floors were aware that the building was on fire their rooms were filled with flames and smoke.

In the editorial room, on the sixth floor, there were but five men. All had to run for their lives. On the upper floor, occupied by the composing-room, were 18 compositors and proofreaders, whose situation was most critical. Panic-stricken, they rushed for the windows leading to the fire-escapes, and all but three of them succeeded in gaining the roof of an adjoining building.

Long ladders were raised as quickly as the network of electric wires over the street would permit, but before a ladder could be placed in position the men had dropped through a skylight in the building roof and reached places of safety. Except in the pressroom, in the basement, there was practically no fire in the building below the fifth story. No one was in the pressroom at the time the fire started except the fireman, who had not been seen up to a late hour.

It took three hours of work to drown out the fire. The three victims, all proofreaders, were suffocated before they had time to reach the fire-escapes. Those who found the bodies were obliged to jump several feet to the roof of the adjoining buildings, and, in this way quite a number of them sustained injuries. Four firemen were badly hurt.

CLASH IN CHINA.

All Is Quiet Now at Tien Tsin But Trouble May Come.

London (By Cable.)—A dispatch received here from Tientsin, China, by the Reuter Telegram Company, dated from that city, says: "The Russians are now entrenching in the disputed territory. A company of the Hongkong regiment, with fixed bayonets, is in front, while two companies of the Madras Pioneers, under the command of Major Johnson, are held in reserve. Both the Russians and the British are awaiting instructions from their governments. The dispute is over the limits of railway property, which is declared to be in the Russian concession. The British in the vicinity have been strongly reinforced."

A Pekin dispatch says: "According to information received here, the Russians at Tientsin took possession of the railway siding and armed sentries are now guarding it. General Barrow, who is second in command of the British forces, hesitates to act in the absence of General Gaselee, the commander-in-chief, feeling sure that bloodshed would ensue. He had a long consultation to-day with Sir Ernest Satow, the British Minister. The Russians are jubilant."

A question in the House of Commons in regard to the friction between the Russians and British at Tientsin elicited information from Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India. He said Russia had claimed the land in dispute by virtue of a concession alleged to have been granted by China since the recent disturbances began. The authorities on the spot, he also said, were dealing with the question. The Government had not sent special instructions, as throughout the Chinese operations the British officers had "shown a spirit of excessive conciliation."

Fire in Washington Hotel.

Washington (Special).—An electric light wire started a fire in the Merchants' Hotel, 485 Pennsylvania Avenue, which spread rapidly, causing a panic among the guests, several of whom jumped from the windows. One person was killed and four severely injured. James W. Donohue, a clerk in the Pension Office, 48 years of age, was suffocated. W. B. Catchins, of Kentucky, back sprained, legs and right side bruised, caused by jumping from window; John Scanlon, head cut by jumping from window; and W. B. Ketchum, of Connecticut, bruised by falling down stairs. Firemen easily extinguished the flames. The damage to the building was small.

Hitch in Negotiations Probable.

Capetown (By Cable).—The general opinion regarding the result of the peace negotiaitions is that there is very litle prospect of their being brought to a favorable issue, and that the obstacles which have been encountered will probably prove insurmountable. The reasons for this opinion are not clearly defined as to details, but the universal feeling is that something has happened to interfere with the plans of Generals Kitchener and Botha and that the guerrilla war is likely to go on.

Government Treasurer Robbed.

Phialdelphia (Special).—Messenger Dougherty, of the United States Subtreasury, was robbed in the corridor of the postoffice of registered mail believed to contain over $1000. Dougherty received the mail from the registry clerk in the postoffice and placed the package of letters in his overcoat pocket. While he was removing general mail from the box in the corridor

Carnegie's Gift to New York.

New York (Special).—Controller Coler called at the Mayor's office to confer with the Mayor regarding the gift of Andrew Carnegie. The men were closeted for some time. Upon leaving the controller said: "We have decided to accept the gift up to the limit. We will go to work immediately, so that the city can accept the gift at once."

New Trial for Mrs. Botkin.

San Francsico (Special).—The State Supreme Court has granted a new trial to Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, who was convicted of the murder of Mrs. J. P. Dunning in the summer of 1898 and sentenced to life imprisonment. The trial resulting in the conviction of Mrs. Botkin was a noted one in criminal history. She was charged with sending from this city to Dover, Del., a box of poisoned candy which caused the death of Mrs. Dunning, to whom it was addressed.

"TOILER, CANST THOU DREAM?"

(Lulu W. Mitchell, in the Century.)

Toiler, canst thou dream,
At the seam, at the plow?
Higher heritage than kings
Hast thou.

Canst thou read, in star or weed,
Answer to thy heart's deep cry?
Gold, nor gem, nor Love's own crown
So satisfy.

Toiler, canst thou wait,
Through the storm-black hour, elate,
Ruler of thy recreant will
Dominant of Fate?

Toiler, canst thou trust?
From the dust, stand, and tell,
Though the tears come streaming, all—
All is well!

An Emperor's Daughter.

BY LIEUTENANT MURRAY.

Repining love is always the stillest. Like shaded spring flowers it avoids the sun's rays, and yet it absorbs the whole heart where it exists, and magnifies everything.

Equality is not its rule more than reason, and certain it is that there are no more unreasonable beings in existence than lovers. Though the most real and absorbing of facts, still love is born in an atmosphere of romance, and as the German poet says, "Paradise is always where love dwells."

In palace or in cottage it is all the same nor does it vary in its uniform nature, often hoping and believing where reason would despair. This sentiment bore all of these characteristics in the heart of Marie Nicoloewna, the beautiful daughter of the Emperor of all the Russias.

She was adored by her proud father, and was the star of his splendid court. But nineteen years of age, she was already pronounced the handsomest and altogether most lovely princess in Europe. Born at the foot of one of the most powerful thrones in the world, and possessing such extraordinary attractions, it was not a matter of surprise that a hundred nobles sought to win even a glance of approval from those beautiful eyes.

It was a source of proud satisfaction to the Emperor to see her sought by so many heirs of other sovereigns, for though she was the very light of his eyes, and he could hardly entertain the thought of ever parting from her, still he knew that it was inevitable, and that he must accept it as such, only seeking so to direct the fate of his beloved child as to insure her happiness and sustain his own dignity at the same time. So, calling the Princess Marie to his side one day, he kissed her brow fondly, and said:

"My child, you are approaching the age at which the members of our house are wont to join themselves in the bonds of wedlock."

Marie blushed, but said nothing.

"I have selected the prince who is to make you happy," continued the father."

"To make me happy?" she echoed, but with a sigh so magnificent as to half reveal a secret.

"What am I to infer from this?" he asked, with the first frown his brow had ever worn to her.

"Speak, my father," she replied, seeing his emotion, "speak, and you shall be obeyed."

"Obeyed!" said the Emperor, "is it only from duty, Marie, that you receive a husband from my hands?"

He was answered in silence by a tear!

"Marie, is your faith pledged to another?"

Still only tears replied.

"Answer me, Marie."

"Oh, my father, yes."

"I feared so."

"My heart is no longer my own."

"Who is he?"

"Ah, my father, it is given to one who knows it not, and who shall never know it, if you command me to marry elsewhere," she replied.

"Where have you met him?"

"Only a few times, and then at a distance. We have never spoken to each other."

"Is it possible?"

The Emperor was aroused. He dared not ask the name of this unknown who had stolen his daughter's heart from him. After pacing the apartment in agitation for a moment, he turned to Marie, and said:

"Is he a king?"

"No, my father."

"A grand duke?"

"No, my father."

"A Russian nobleman?"

"No, my father."

"A foreigner?"

"Yes."

The Emperor sat down and covered his face with his hands. He could not express in words his disappointment. Had he not loved his daughter with extraordinary affection he would not have been thus annoyed. His sword was law to seventy-five millions of people, but what was all of his authority when the heart asserted its power? Though he was the Emperor of Russia, his child was sovereign of his heart.

"Is this man in Russia?" he asked, after a pause.

"Yes, my father."

"Where can I see him?" he continued, actually afraid to ask the name, after what he had heard.

"At to-morrow's review."

"How shall I recognize him?"

"By his green plume and black charger."

"It is well, my daughter," he replied, calmly. "Go and pray to God to have mercy on this man."

"She is young; it is but a youthful fancy," said the Emperor to himself. "I will not let the matter annoy me. She will forget him, she must forget him. I can crush him with a word, but alas! I could not withstand Marie's tears. I am iron in the world, but wax in her hands. I could not live and see her unhappy."

He continued musing thus, and walking about his apartments in a troubled and anxious mood.

At the review the following day the Emperor soon detected the green plume and black charger, with its rider. It was a young colonel of dragoons, a Bavarian, named Maximillian Beauharnais, Duke de Leuchtenberg, a handsome and elegant cavalier, but no match in rank and station for Marie, daughter of the emperor. The youthful colonel was summoned to his side, and as he rode up to receive the commands of the emperor, Marie, in the royal carriage close by, was seen to faint. Her fears for him she loved was the cause.

The emperor dismissed the soldier at once and returned to the palace to see how serious was Marie's illness. He knew now, however, whom she had chosen in her heart.

Two months passed, in which every effort dictated by tenderness that could be devised was resorted to for the purpose of obliterating the image of the Bavarian from the heart of Marie Niceloewna, but all in vain. The princess was not obstinate; she was only too yielding to her father's arguments; but he saw her cheek growing paler day by day, and her form losing its roundness and vigor, until at last Marie lay upon a sick-bed. All the medical skill of Europe could not minister to "a mind diseased," and so the emperor found, and these professionals told the father that they were powerless, that he must make up his mind to part with Marie, for she could not live!

All this while Maximilian Beauharnais knew nothing of a secret which lay solely between Marie and her august father. In common with every one about the court, he almost worshipped the sight of the princess, but he did so as one would bow before a star in the heavens, and to him she seemed quite as distant. It was impossible for him not to realize her exquisite loveliness, and in a certain sense to feel enslaved by it. Yet he had never for one moment imagined that she looked favorably upon him, or, indeed, that she had ever noticed him, as singled out from a score of others.

One day he was summoned to the presence of the emperor, though he knew not for what. He remembered that he had once before been called to his side at the review, when the illness which had prostrated the princess had interrupted them. "Perhaps," he thought, "the emperor has some orders for me that were then omitted, and which he now wishes to communicate."

"Colonel," said the emperor, as the Bavarian entered his presence, and with an abruptness which astonished the young soldier, "I have been making some inquiries concerning you."

"Sire, you honor me."

"I find that your character is unexceptionable. That you are a person of refined tastes, of artistic culture, and a loyal spirit. In short, a true cavalier."

"Your majesty is complimentary."

"What do you think of my daughter, the Grand Duchess Marie Nicoloewna?"

"The Princess Marie, sire?"

"Yes."

"Forgive me, sire," he hesitated.

"Speak freely."

"You ask me, sire, what I think of the grand duchess. While your anger would crush me if I should say what I really think of the princess, yet I should be supremely happy if you would permit me to say it."

"Do you love her, colonel?"

"Sire, I worship her."

"Enough—she is in that room."

"Sire, would you have me enter?"

"As you choose," he replied.

Scarcely yet understanding the meaning of all this, the colonel hesitated, until the emperor led him to the door, where, knocking gently, he entered, introduced the young soldier to his child, and retired, leaving them together.

A promise from her father had acted like a charm upon Marie. The color had come back to her cheeks, she was already rapidly recovering, and she sat there expecting this visit from the chosen of her heart.

"Love sought is good," says Shakespeare, "but given unsought is better."

As the colonel entered and knelt at her feet she gave him both her hands. Words were not needed, one look told him all. The light broke in upon his heart—he was loved, and by her whom he had considered the wildest audacity possible to imagine. This was the ecstasy of happiness. Had not Heaven, he asked himself, worked a miracle in his behalf?

Directly he was again summoned by the emperor, and kneeling once more, he pressed that hand to his lips, as his eyes said what his tongue was yet too timid to speak, to the equally happy princess.

"Now," said the Czar, "will you quit the service of Bavaria and become the husband of the Princess Marie?"

"Sire, I am her slave for life. Command what you will, I shall cheerfully obey."

The colonel of dragoons was elevated to the post of aide-de-camp-general of the empire, made president of the academy of fine arts, and endowed with the title of imperial highness, with unbounded revenues.

The emperor's daughter and the Bavarian colonel were married in royal state, while their domestic lives were blessed by a degree of happiness surpassing all outward honors.—New York Weekly.

THE ETHICS OF TATTOOING.

A Grave Question Raised by a French Governor.

Although the Ethiopian cannot change his skin, nor the leopard his spots, the South Sea Islander can obviously be made to desist from his tattooing. This, we learn, is the formidable project to which the governor of French Oceana has committed himself on the ground of public health and morals. Henceforth tattooers and tattooed are to be subject to a fine ranging from one pound to forty—a considerable latitude of punishment, which, no doubt, is intended to correspond with the complexity and artistic elaboration of markings on the skin of the offending islanders. They may also be sent to prison for a period not exceeding fourteen days, which makes them about equal in the scale of iniquity to the wayward scoundrel nearer home who, without provocation, jumps with his hobnailed boots on his prostrate wife.

No doubt the governor of French Oceana is animated by the most praiseworthy motives in his crusade against tattooing, although we are not quite sure that he has not embarked upon it with a light heart. He appears to think that the practice is inimical to public health, in which opinion some few may be found to agree with him; but when he says that it is not conducive to public morals, there are many who will venture to dissent. Even so solemn a paper as the Journal des Debats remarks that if the governor's orders are carried out it will deprive the natives of the only costume which they were ever accustomed to wear, and that surely will not help the cause of ethics. Either, then, tattooing is in itself immoral—a very hard doctrine, and one which we believe to be subversive of the artistic instincts and capacities of a fine though scantily clad race—or else the governor in the spirit of the estimable lady who wanted to send out moral pocket handkerchiefs to zenanas, desires to enforce clothing on the naked by robbing them of their ordinary integument.

When Prince Vortigern was described as having on "a painted vest" which his grandsire had won from "a naked Pict," the picture presented to the mind was, in the famous essay on "Bulls," explained as one of "laughable confusion." But what are we to say of the improved and cultured South Sea Islander, shivering in the cold, clear light of the higher morality, without the protection of his beloved and comfortable stripes and markings? His mental condition will indeed be confused, but only laughable, let us say, to the Debats. It is one of the saddest lessons of life that even the inhabitant of French Oceana has to rise on stepping-stones of his painted self to higher and barer things.—London Telegraph.

When Visiting Foreign Lands.

"It is perfectly natural," said one whose own business takes him about more or less, "that a man should be interested, wherever he may be, in things pertaining to his own business. I know I am in mine; when I strike a strange place I like to go through the quarter where they carry on the business that I am engaged in and see how they run things in it there. But I have lately met with two illustrations of this sort of thing that seemed to me to be rather curious as well as interesting.

"Talking with a New York paint manufacturer about paint of a certain kind, the paint man said, incidentally, that he had seen paint of that color on walls in Pompeii. Oddly enough the other curious illustration arose out of the same ancient city. A New Yorker engaged in the manufacture of lead pipe said incidentally to something that he was telling me about lead pipe that he had found in Pompeii lead pipe in fair condition. This pipe, while covered with an incrustation, that had gathered upon it in the long time it had been buried, yet cutting with as bright and perfect a cleavage as though it had been made yesterday, instead of many centuries ago.

"These two things interested somewhat the paint man and the lead man respectively and they certainly interested me."—New York Sun.

The Queen and Napoleon.

The simplicity of the queen's character is well shown by the ease with which the adventurer Bonaparte ingratiated himself and the obscure Spanish countess, whom he had married, into her favor. He was, as Greville remarked, the first man whom she had ever met on the foot of equality, and he took prompt advantage of this vantage ground to secure for himself the stamp of what may be called the social approval in the coterie of kings which her approbation conferred. He did it by the old, but always effective method, of familiarizing himself with the life history of the subject of his flattering attentions.

"It is very odd," exclaimed the ingenius queen, after her visit to Paris in 1855, "but the emperor knows everything I have done and everywhere I have been since I was 12 years old; he even recollects how I was dressed."—Harper's Weekly.

Juvenile Logic.

Norman's mamma was something of a stickler for propriety, and she was not a little annoyed that it seemed impossible to make the boy give his uncle's name the customary handle. One day after the little fellow had met with a severer reproof than usual for this shortcoming of his, he said:

"I mean to be good, mamma, but I don't see why I should say Uncle Harry; I don't say Uncle Papa, do I?"

A TIMID BACHELOR.

The Game Seemed to Cover a Hidden Danger and He Shied at it.

It is said the latest society fad is the proposal party, and there seems to be no reason why it should not prove a pleasing diversion if proper arrangements are made. According to the description given, the ladies are to be provided with tissue-paper hearts and mittens, and it then devolves upon the gentlemen to propose marriage after the most approved methods and within a certain limit of time. If the proposal is acceptable to the young woman to whom it is made she presents the youth with a tissue heart; otherwise with a tissue mitten. And what then? Like the thrilling tale that is "continued in our next," the description stops at the most interesting point. If the young man gets the heart, what follows? Well, perhaps this may be safely left to the imagination. The game, however, is likely to prove popular.

"I can see only one drawback," said a youth of fashion when asked about it. "In order that the game may be satisfactorily played the proposal party should be held in a house that is practically composed of what are known as 'cozy corners,' and I confess that at this moment I cannot think of a residence that has enough of them for such an entertainment unless it were given on a limited scale."

"Just too lovely for anything!" was the comment of a maiden to whom the plan was explained, "but of course an extensive conservatory, dimly lighted and with plenty of palms and other big-leaved plants, would be essential to its complete success."

"It might be enjoyable," admitted the chronic bachelor, "but it looks to me like a trap. I would want some assurance that what I said would not be taken seriously before I would consent to take part in the exercise."—Chicago Post.

WHITE GIRL REARED BY INDIANS.

Romantic Career of Alice Burke, Who is to Marry Indian Educated at Carlisle.

The curious romance of a white girl's life among the Blackfeet Indians for sixteen years has just come out through a suit brought by Alice Burke against Thomas Husson, a cattle rancher of Eastern Oregon, to recover a ranch which once belonged to her father, now valued at $22,000. Burke and the senior Husson started to cross the plains from Kansas to Oregon. Burke was detained, and placed his girl, then two years old, with Mrs. Husson. Husson sold the child to a Blackfeet chief for twelve ponies, and when Burke arrived in Oregon Husson told him Alice had died. Six years ago Burke died, and the Hussons have been since carrying on his ranch.

Alice grew up among the tribe in Idaho, and when white people noticed her fine hair the Indians said she was a halfbreed, whose parents were dead. She gained the love of the son of the chief, named Fleetwing, who was sent to Carlisle. While he was there Alice took lessons of the Indian agent's wife and kept pace with him in his studies. When the agent removed she went with him to Boise City, but his wife dying she had to take a place as domestic, and was a common kitchen drudge for months. Then Fleetwing sent her money and she returned to the reservation.

The revelation of her white blood came when she was an applicant for a place in the big tribal ceremony. Then young Husson appeared and told her story, but offered her only $100 for her father's property. She refused, and investigated, and is now suing for the recovery of the land. When she gets it she is to marry John Fleetwing.—New York Tribune.

Georgia's Timber Supply.

In Georgia, which is credited by the Bureau of Statistics at Washington with being the eighth best-wooded State of the Union, with 42,000 square miles of forests, we are quite willing to see some thousands of miles of the trees disappear to make room for fruitful farms and verdant pastures. The lands which these forests now occupy are very fertile, and with proper tillage may be made among the most profitable farms in the world. But the trees must be removed before the acres will be available for planting. We do not mean that all the forests should be cleared off. Far from it. Trees are a source of life and health, as well as of wealth, and we would desire to see the State remain well wooded. But of our 58,000 square miles of territory we would like to see one-third or one-half devoted to agriculture, horticulture, stock raising and kindred industries. Twenty-nine thousand square miles of forest would give us all we need of wood and lumber, and under proper care of turpentine also. And with one-half of the State under cultivation and the other half in well-cared-for forests we should be among the richest and most independent people in the world.—Savannah News.

Why He Was Angry.

A small dark man with a large waxed mustache stood near the corner of Broadway and Wall Street for at least half an hour yesterday afternoon. The man attracted some little notice for the reason that he was seen to approach fully twenty men during that time. Every man he accosted was seen to wave him aside. After each rebuff the small man was noticed to shake his head and stamp his feet in an angry manner. Finally one man, more curious than the others, listened to the angry man for a few minutes. He then pointed to the Schermerhorn building. The men bowed to one another and separated. The man who had listened to the stranger turned to one of his companions and remarked: "No wonder the little chap was angry. He is a foreigner and seemed to be a gentleman. He wanted to know where the Schermerhorn building was. He told me that he had attempted to ask many persons where the building was and they had each taken him for a beggar and had refused to listen to his inquiry, yet he was well dressed."—New York Sun.

IMPORTANCE OF CENTRALIZED POWER

Division of Duties Leads to the Creation of Useless Officers.

"The first and most important step towards the proper government of cities is centralization of power and responsibility, and a complete understanding on both sides that the officers are the employees or trustees of the people as a whole," says Bird S. Coler in Everybody's Magazine. "The experiment of divided authority and the excessive division and subdivision of duties has never produced satisfactory results. For purposes of administration there should never be more than two elective officers of a municipality, the chief executive and the chief financial officer. The mayor should have unlimited power in all executive matters, and his authority to appoint and remove all subordinates should not be restricted. The chief financial officer ought to have final veto power over all expenditures, and complete responsibility for the financial affairs of the city, including the assessment of property and the collection of taxes.

"Every unnecessary division of duty or authority leads to the creation of many useless officers, wasteful expenditures, and a general shirking of labor and responsibility. Charters should be specific and mandatory in providing complete simplicity in the transaction of all public business. There must be few departments and no unnecessary bureaus. The first fruits of legislative or political meddling in local government are sinecures and confusion in the transaction of the public business. Government is for the benefit and convenience of the taxpayer and citizen, and that interpretation of it should regulate the public service. Charters and legislation ought to leave to the local authorities the fixing of salaries of all employes, the regulation of public work and contracts. A great city like New York is entitled to the best service in every department, and the best professional skill and experience when required, and must pay full value for the same; but an arbitrary salary-schedule, fixed by a state legislature, incites contempt and defiance of local authority."

The Latest Discovery.

Another discovery, which is important if true, is reported from Paris. We are told in the New York Sun that two French chemists, Drs. Degrez and Balthazard, have learned by accident that bioxide of sodium will purify air so that it may be breathed over and over again. The discoverers, the story goes, sealed up animals in air-tight receptacles along with lumps of bioxide of sodium, and found that they breathed indefinitely without embarrassment. Then they put a diver's helmet lined with bioxide of sodium on a man, and he found he could stay under water as long as he chose without fresh air. The chemical explanation of the phenomenon is that bioxide of sodium absorbs the carbon from carbonic-acid gas and sets free pure oxygen. This sounds a little like the inventions that ingenious writers use to adorn tales of the remote future, but it is gravely told in a veracious newspaper. This bioxide of sodium, if it is all it is cracked up to be, will be great stuff for divers, and for submarine boats, and for miners, and hospitals, and slum tenement-houses, schools, theatres, and all crowded places. E. S. Martin, in Harper's Weekly.

Railroads Our Most Important Industry.

It may seem like a broad statement, but it is probably a safe one to make, that the railroads form the most stupendous and important industry within the United States. The capitalization of the railways of the United States is eleven billions of dollars. Those railways employ more than 875,000 men, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, they paid to their employes as compensation for services more than four hundred and ninety-five millions of dollars.

There is an indescribable fascination about the railroad business for nearly all who have once embarked in it. It demands a degree of close application and forgetfulness of self-interest which is not demanded or accorded elsewhere. In no other industry are minutes counted so valuable. In no other employment is it possible for a slight mistake or a forgetful moment to have as far-reaching and as disastrous effects. The whole railroad life is busy, and its motto might well be "Get there."—The National Magazine.

Challenge to Owners of Hens.

Bud Hays, near town, doubtless owns the oldest hen in the State. The bird was hatched at Tinney's Grove ten years ago, and came to town with them several years ago. She was claimed as a pet by their little daughter, Emma, since dead, and for that reason the family has kept and tenderly cared for her all these years, and proposes to keep her to the end. The hen has been blind for some time, but otherwise is quite vigorous—her teeth being as good as they were the day she was hatched. Who can beat this?—Braymer (Miss.) Comet.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special).—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Improving wheat reports, a pig iron production seldom exceeded, strong cash prices for all iron and steel products that can be delivered, heavy grain exports at good prices, activity in minor industries and a money market that imposes no hardship upon business, comprise the bright side of the picture of the week. Threatening labor troubles seem more remote.

"The textile markets, long backward, have again failed to respond to the general confidence in commercial circles. A slight recovery in cotton was not held, and the good market shows a decline in a month from 5¾ to 5½ cents in standard brown sheetings.

"Steel mills are still much behind their orders, and contracts for Bessemer pig for July delivery indicate that the activity is not considered temporary.

"Steel rail contracts have been increased, and railways need rolling stock. Pig iron production, according to the Iron Age, has increased to 292,899 tons weekly, which is about 5000 tons below the high record of February 1, 1900.

"Failures for the week were 209 in the United States, against 190 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 23 last year."

Bradstreet's says:

"Railway returns continue highly favorable, confirming reports of activity in general shipping and reports of a shortage of cars, a strange one at this time of year, comes from Chicago and other large centres. Clearings are of heavy volume, and in this, as in nearly all other measures of trade improvement, present records surpass all previously recorded for this season of the year." Bradstreet's Financial Review says: "Prices this week have been strong and on the whole advanced, while the activity was considerable. The chief qualification that can be observed in the speculative situation is that the public is not in the market."

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds....1.10a1.20
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70

Wheat.—No. 2 red 78½; steamer No. 2 red, 76½; sample lots, 72a78½. Western opened firmer; March 77⅞.

Corn.—Quote white nominally at 47a48 and yellow at 45a46. Cob corn 2.40 per bbl.

Oats.—White No. 2, 32¼; white, No. 3, 31a31½c.; No. 4, 28½a29c.; mixed No. 4, 28a28½.

Rye.—Quote: No. 2 rye in car lots, 56c. nominal; No. 3, rye, 53c.; No. 2, Western rye, 58c. Bag lots nearby quotable at from 50a56c. per bushel.

Mill Feed.—$19.50 per ton; medium do, $19.00.

Hay.—Market quiet and about steady. No. 1 timothy, $16.25a16.50; No. 2 timothy, $15.75a16.00; No. 3 timothy, $15.00a15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $14.50a15.00; No. 2 clover mixed, $13.50a14.50; No. 1 clover, $14.00a14.50; No. 2 clover, $13.00a14.00.

Cloverseed.—New. Western clover, on spot, at 11c. per lb, and choice do at 11¾c.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.35a1.40. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $18.00a20.00; do, new Florida, per crate, $2.25a2.50. Celery, per dozen, 40a60c. Apples, per bbl, $1.75a4.00. Oranges, Florida, per box, $2.25a3.00. Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl, $8.00a9.00.

Potatoes. — White, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bushel, 45a50c.; do New York, primes, per bushel, 45a52c.; do. Michigan and Ohio, per bushel, 48a50c.; do, new, Bermuda, per bbl $4.50a5.00; do new, Florida, per bbl $4.00a5.00. Sweets, Eastern Shore, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.25a1.50.

Beans and Peas.—New York, marrow, choice hand picked, $2.40a2.45; do do medium, do do, $2.20a2.25; do do pea do do, $2.15a2.25. Blackeye peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.60.

Provisions.—Bulk shoulders 7½c.; do short ribs, 8¼c.; do clear sides, 8¾c.; bacon rib sides, 9c.; do clear sides, 9¼c.; bacon shoulders, 8¼c. Fat backs 7¾c. Hams—Small, 11½c.; large 11½c.; smoked skinned hams, 11¼c.; picnic hams, 8¼c. Lard—Best refined, pure in tierces, 8½c.; in tubs, 9¼c.; mess pork, per bbl., $15.00.

Live Poultry.—Market steady; Hens, 10½c.; old roosters, each, 25c.; spring chickens, 10a12c.; winter do, 2 lbs. and under, 14a16c.; ducks, 10a13c.; turkeys, 9½a14c.; geese, apiece, 50a65c.

Dressed Poultry.—Turkeys, 10a14c. Ducks, 13a14c. Chickens, 9a12c. Geese, 9a14c. Capons, 10a14c.

Butter.—The market is steady. We quote:

Creamery Separator.....22½a23
Creamery Gathered Cream.....20a21
Creamery Imitation.....18a19

Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 13c.

Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb, 6¾c.; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 6½c. Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb 6a6½c. Lambs and sheep.—Spring lambs, choice, 5½a6c. per lb, poor, small stock, 5c. per lb.

Philadelphia.

Wheat steady; contract grade March 77a77½c. Corn firm, ¼c. higher; No. 2 mixed, March, 45¼a45½c. Oats, steady. No. 2 white clipped, 33c. Butter firm; prints, 22c.; fancy Western creamery, 22½c.; do do prints, 23; do nearby prints, 25c. Eggs, fresh nearby, 14c.; do Western, 14c.; do Southwestern, 14c.; do Southern, 13c. Cheese steady; New York full creameries, fancy, small, 12a12¼c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle.—Receipts, 5700 head, nominally steady; good to prime steers, $4.90a6.00; fancy up to $6.25; poor to medium, $3.65a4.80; stockers and feeders steady to firm, $2.75a4.50; cows $2.60a4.25. Hogs, mixed and butchered, $5.50a5.80.

East Liberty, Pa.—Cattle steady; extra $5.60a5.65; prime, $5.20a5.40; common, $3.25a4.50. Hogs higher; prime medium, $6.10a6.15; heavy Yorkers, $6.00; pigs, $5.80a5.90. Sheep steady; choice wethers, $4.90a5.00; choice lambs $5.80a5.85. Veal calves, $6.50a7.25.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Berlin has 50,350 telephones.

France has 500 female physicians.

New York city departments expend $5,000,000 each year for supplies.

New York butchers have asked the public's aid in abolishing Sunday work.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 21, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

RAINBOW CITY.

Pan-American Exposition Aglow With Beautiful Colors.

Perhaps nothing has been more talked about than the color scheme of the Pan-American. It was a daring thing to attempt to array in colors the extensive buildings of this Exposition, for scarcely any precedent existed for such an undertaking, and to attempt it and fail would be disastrous indeed. It was out of the question to duplicate the White City at Chicago. Something absolutely new must be devised for the Pan-American at Buffalo. Happily the Spanish renaissance architecture furnished the hint for the solution of this problem, and now that it has been solved and the color scheme is seen to be so well adapted to the purposes of exposition architecture it is realized

FIGURE OF HEROIC MUSIC.

that a new discovery has been made. With the buildings arrayed in colors which will harmonize with the general scheme of the Exposition and please rather than offend artistic taste, the Rainbow City cannot fail to become popular in a degree scarcely hoped for by those who planned its construction.

The Director of Color, Mr. Charles Y Turner, N. A., of New York City, studied the requirements of the situation and in his studio in New York by means of models carefully worked out the designs and drawings for the mural decoration. The experts experimented with paint and obtained an article that may be used without fear that it will lose its staying qualities before the Exposition is over. The test already made shows that the paint after being once applied to the staff is going to hold its color well.

RARE COMBINATION.

The Floral and Electrical Display at the Pan-American Exposition.

There is a saying that "Flowers are the poetry of earth, as stars are the poetry of heaven." If this be true, the beauty of the floral effects to be seen at the Pan-American Exposition will be pronounced as a rare combination of both, for never yet at an exposition have such magnificent effects been seen as will be visible in some of the fountain basins at the Pan-American. There beautiful plants and flowers, kissed to a state of dewy dazzlement by the falling spray and the glow of concealed incandescent lamps, will delight the visitor.

At the exposition in Omaha some little success was obtained in thus lighting up the flowers and the foliage of plants in the water basins, and this has led Henry E. Rustin, chief of the mechanical and electrical bureau, to attempt to enlarge upon what he accomplished in Omaha. When thus lighted, the flowers and plants take upon themselves new colors, each one seemingly more beautiful than the color displayed under full sunlight. Then the little mystery of where the illumination comes from is delightful, and, knowing this, the skilled electrician is most careful to conceal his lamps where least likely to attract the eye. Perhaps an artificial leaf, an artificial flower, is used to hide the lamp, but its full brilliancy is allowed to beam upon the plant and flowers, making a picture that is lasting. It is when such effects are obtained that the full appreciation of enjoyment is expressed in the single word "beautiful." It was so at Omaha, and it will be more so at the Pan-American.

Centre Hill.

A number of the young people of this place assisted Henry Homan's with their moving on Tuesday and report having had a jolly time and all partook heartily of the bountiful dinner which Mrs. Homan had prepared for the occasion.

Charles Lytle, living on the Bartholomew farm expects to move to Pine Grove Mills Thursday of this week. Bartholomew has no one to take his place yet.

Messrs. Bruce W. Ripka and Harry F. Burkholder attended the sale of Michael Hess at Shingletown on Tuesday.

Morris A. Burkholder, who has been assisting J. B. Strohm on his farm the past three years, went to Wm Lytle's on Monday.

Mr. Lytle will move to the Burkholder farm in a few weeks.

April 16 the Allegheny Senatorial district will elect a Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Magee.

Colyer.

H. C. Robinson, of Spring Mills, transacted business throughout this vicinity, and was the guest of Wm. Farner, Tuesday last.

C. S. Bottorf made a business trip to town, and was a guest at the home of Wm. Colyer one day last week.

Squire J. S. Houseman made an important business trip to Bellefonte Tuesday of last week.

The other evening Wallace Weaver left home on horse back, but he changed his position and came home on foot, the horse arriving home some time before its master, but, alas for poor Wallace, he was like "the girl I left behind me."

D. F. Young made a flying trip to Bellefonte Wednesday last; his new whip accounts for the flying trip.

John McNitt and lady friend, Miss Cora Houtz, spent several days at Mingoville last week.

G. R. Meiss seems to enjoy the boys sport in a rough-house which was removed one evening last week. Wm. Mulbarger stated that he was going west, but did not say how far, and all the boys wanted a lock of his hair, which accounts for the rough-house, and a broken pair of scales, which were replaced by the generous hearted Mr. Meiss himself.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Neff spent Friday afternoon with Mrs. Neff's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moyer.

Misses Sallie Wright and Lydia Ishler spent Sunday with their friends, Misses Mabel and Gertie Houser.

Wm. F. Rockey lost a valuable horse last week. The animal was kicked by one of his other horses and its leg broken and was killed by the owner to put it out of misery.

Mrs. Julia Ishler is in feeble health.

Mrs. Wm. Reiber and daughters, Clara and Blanche spent a day last week at the home of Andrew Horner.

One of the missing young men, D. G. Barr, was home with his mother over Sunday, but has again returned to parts unknown.

The members of the young people's alliance are preparing for an Easter entertainment; they will have practice Saturday evening.

Tressler's sale at Linden Hall on Monday was well attended by people from this section.

Charles Frazier is following up the public sales and buying stock and implements to begin farming in a few weeks.

Rumors are afloat of another wedding at Colyer in the near future.

Linden Hall.

Lloyd Worrel will move his family into Philip Dale's tenant house at Oak Hall on Thursday and Perry Cole will move the same day into the house now occupied by Mr Worrel.

'Squire Miller, of Rock Springs, accompanied by his daughter Miss Gertrude, visited his daughter and aged mother in this place Monday and Tuesday.

Merchant Howard Miller, of Rebersburg, visited friends here recently; he was from this place formerly and his many friends were glad to welcome him back.

Arthur Kimport and family, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with his uncle, James Kimport.

R. M. Wolf, of Woodward, visited Mrs. Keller and T. E. Wieland.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Goss spent Saturday with J. H. Ross.

Governor Signs a Bill for Soldiers.

Governor Stone has signed the Senate bill providing for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served the United States in any war who die in alms houses and like institutions. The bill also authorizes county commissioners to purchase plots of ground for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in the United States in any war who die in indigent circumstances.

In Loganton last week a little son of John Geiswite, threw a glass marble, with which he had been playing, on the sofa. The rays of the sun fell upon it and heated it to such a pitch that the sofa caught fire. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

Sow
Phosphate
in the
Spring.

D. W. BRADFORD

will furnish you 14 per cent.

- SOUTH CAROLINA ROCK -
For $13.50 Cash.

You can use this grade of goods profitably on

Oats, Potatoes,
Barley, Top dressing for wheat,
Corn, Top dressing for grass.

You can get nearer your money's value by buying South Carolina Rock Phosphate than any other grade of goods.

$13.50 is a popular figure.

Millheim.

George Cummings has again resumed his duties as cab driver for the Musser House; during his illness Mr. Spangler, of Tylersville, took his place, but now he has so far recovered as to be able to again take up his "perch" on the cab.

Last Sunday evening Rev. Chilcote delivered his last sermon for this conference year, and also administered the Lord's supper; he was assisted in the latter by Rev. H. W. Buck, of the Un. Ev. church.

J. P. Condo and wife made a trip to Sugar Valley Monday.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. William Stover, son and two daughters, spent Monday very pleasantly in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Keller, of Lemont, spent Friday as the guests of David Snyder and family.

Miss Mary Carper visited with her friend Mrs. Stover, of Boalsburg, recently.

Mrs. Perry Cole and family, whose dwelling and household goods were burned in the recent disastrous fire, have taken up their abode with Mrs. Cole's daughter in Bellefonte.

Some say that Ezra Tressler's sale was "bigger'n the World's Fair," but we are inclined to think that is a slight hyperbole.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

To Pinehurst, N. C., Camden S. C., and all Florida Points.

The Florida And Metropolitan Limited and Florida and Atlanta East Mail are the finest and fastest trains operated between New York and the famous health resorts of the Carolinas and Florida.

Pinehurst, N. C. is a model New England town, nestled among the pineclad sand hills of the Old North State, and only eighteen hours from New York, via Seaboard Air Line Railway. It is one of the healthiest and most enjoyable winter resorts in America, with the finest and most palatial hotels and best eighteen hole golf links in the South. Through sleeping-cars from Washington, D. C. Passengers from north thereof can take through car by passing from New York Sleeper to Washington and Pinehurst Sleeping-Car at Washington.

Camden, S. C. is one of the nearest resorts for northern tourists where they are secure from the cold climate of Northern winters. Besides its fame as a healthful and attractive winter resort, the historic interests connected with the town and locality are most quaint and interesting.

The Health and Pleasure Resorts of Florida are too well known to need more than a passing allusion. There you find the most luxurous hotels and most attractive and popular winter resorts in America.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is positively the shortest and quickest route operating solid vestibuled limited trains, with Pullman's latest improved service, including Dining, Observation and Pullman Compartment Cars, between New York and Florida.

For information and tickets call on or address Charles L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Horton, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a,

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .
Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York,

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made. 13dec

JULIAN A. FLEMING,
Centre Hall, Pa.,
Agent for the
Johnston Harvester Co's
full line of
Harvesting Machines.
SELF BINDERS,
MOWERS,
RAKES, ETC.
Repairing Binders a Specialty.
I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Body Found in the Susquehanna.

The body of an almost nude man badly bruised by the ice was found in the Susquehanna river between Wetham and Ritchie Friday. His features indicate that he was a Hungarian.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism.

From the Vindicator. Rutherfordton, N. C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. — Letters of administration on the estate of Franklin Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
mar 21-6t J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE — Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. E. Meyer, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. EDWARD SELLERS, Adm'r.
mar7-6t Centre Hall, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of David C. Young, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MARGARET C. YOUNG,
DAVID F. YOUNG,
28feb6t Executors, Colyer.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having lost their books in the fire which destroyed the Irvin Hardware store, requests all persons indebted to come to them for settlement.
DANIEL IRVIN'S SONS.
feb28-3t Centre Hall, Pa.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER, Centre Hall, Pa.
is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md The book is dedicated to Rev. W. H. Grob, formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
266m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.
To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j44 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST,
Farmers Mill's, Pa.
AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.
I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work Terms are moderate. Give me a trial.
mar 21-1 yr

J. S. MEYER, Penn Hall, Pa.,
breeder and shipper of
Barred and Buff Plymouth Rock, S. S. Hamburgs and S. C. and W. B. Leghorns.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Orders for eggs will be filled with fresh, fertile eggs, and from the same yards that I breed from for my own use All eggs will be packed for shipping in light baskets, to carry any distance in safety.
PRICE OF EGGS—$1 for 15; $1.75 for 30; $2.50 for 45.
PRICE OF STOCK. Single stock birds from $1 to $2; Pairs, $2 to $3.75; Trios, $2.75 to $4.
Send all money for stock and eggs with your order, either by Post Office or Express Money Order Be sure to write both your name and address plainly on all orders.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

Woven Bed Springs, $1.65.

Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

SARAH E. WEBER,
Boalsburg, Penn'a.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall: J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Summer Normal.

A Summer Normal and Academic term will open Monday, April 15th, at Boalsburg and continue for eight weeks. Teachers, preparatory students for college, and others, will find the course adapted to their respective needs. JAS. C. BRYSON,
apr15 Principal.

Mrs. C. E Van Deusen, of Kilbourn, Wis., was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipation for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Rye	40
Corn	45
New Oats	30
Barley	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	16
Eggs	12
Lard	7½
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	70
Corn	45
Oats	30
Rye	40
Barley	38

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn, ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	40
Oats, new	25
Barley	30
New Potatoes	40
Eggs	16
Butter	18

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

Spring Mills, Pa.
P. V. S. STORE.

Spring Shoes in the latest styles in Russet and Patent Leather for Men, Ladies and Misses are in stock.

It will pay you to call before buying elsewhere and get our prices on shoes.

C. A. KRAPE.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed. Our prices are very reasonable.

Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

Livery . . . .
. . . . . D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect March 18, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 61. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 39 Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Pittston, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m., New York 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m. Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m New York at 7,13 a. m, Baltimore, 2.30 a. m, Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.23 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York 9.23 a. m., (10.38 a. m Sundays,) Baltimore 7.20 a. m., Washington 8.40 a. m Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.15 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations

9.20 p. m.—Train 9 1 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.50 a m, Harrisburg 7.55 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10 00 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a m, Washington 7.50 a m, Baltimore, 8.40 a m, Wilkesbarre 10.55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 1.25 a m, Philadelphia 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11 45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.15 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore

Train 67 leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.26 p m. Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.00 p m. (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington.

Train 8 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.41 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.33 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 921, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.35 p m, Washington 3.35 p. m, Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. M	Westward. A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 53	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 39
1 57	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 02	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.10 and 8.00 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.35, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.05, 6.08 p m. and 8.15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9 30 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.04 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager
J. S. WOOD Gen'l Pas'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	†6 30	..BELLEF'NTE..	† 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42	.....Nigh.....	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	.....Zion.....	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53	...Hecla Park...	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55	.....Dunkles.....	8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	..HUBLERSB'G...	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 14	7 03	...Snydertown...	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	..... Nittany.....	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	.....Huston.....	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	.....LAMAR.....	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15	...Clintondale...	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	..Krider's S'n g..	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24	...Mackeyville...	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	..Cedar Springs..	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	.....Salona.....	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	MILL HALL	†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
11 45	8 15		.....Jersey Shore.....	3 25		7 55
12 20	8 4		Arr. } Wm'PO'T } Lve	†2 50		†7 21
†12 34	*11 50		Lve } Wm'PO'T } Arr.	2 30		*6 55
8 29	7 09		.....PHILA.....	†8 36		*11 36
			.....Atlantic City.....			
			.....NEW YORK..... (Via Tamequa.)			
*10 40	†9 30		.....NEW YORK..... (Via Phila.)	†4 30		†9 00
p. m	a. m.		Arr Lve.	a. m		p m.

*Daily. †Week Days. §6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11 30 p m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¼	8¼	2¼	STATIONS. Ar, Lv.	WESTWARD 1¼	7¼	11¼
PM	PM	AM		A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	.....Bellefonte.....	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	..... Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	.....Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brisly.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	...Scotia Crossing...	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 17	11 20	5 08
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 01
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 28	11 28	5 03
5 30	12 20	8 00	.....State College.....	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 21, 1901.

Spring Mills.

Good sucker fishing now in Penns creek.

There has been auction at G. H. Long's store for the past week.

Wm. Blauser's sale was well attended last Saturday; everything brought good prices.

The trout season will open April 15. J. O. McCormick, R. G. Kennely, B. F. Kennely, D. Kennely, W. H. Smith, and John Smith, are looking up their rods and lines to have them in good shape. The club has sent for ten thousand young trout to distribute in different streams.

Harvey Horner and brother Wilkey, of Colyer, were in town on business.

George Lee and William Moyer, of Colyer, stopped off an hour to look after business.

Mesiah Parker, of Potters Mills, attended to business in this place last week.

Rev. Rearick preached an able sermon on "Love thy neighbor as thyself." It would be a grand thing to know that every one was practicing the lesson taught us, to "Love thy neighbor as thyself." Let all practice this, and see the difference it will make in our community.

Miss May Smith spent several days in Bellefonte, at the home of A. V. Smith.

Moving time is coming, and the changes made at this place will be: James McCool to Rebersburg, on his farm; John Breon, Jr., to McCool's house; Mrs. Myra Kerr, to Centre Hall; Samuel Crape, to the Zeigler house; J. Breon, to Rossman's house; J. O. McCormick, to C. P. Long's house; Maj. Huss, from Johnstown to his own house; Andy Graden and Bartley, to the house vacated by Michael Snyder; Snyder to James McCool's house, back of Egg Hill; Rev. Brown, to Bellefonte; Ed Sunday to Johnstown; Prof. Brown, to Huntingdon; Daniel Runkle, to the Allison property; J. Wells Evans, to his farm recently purchased in Georges Valley; R. D. Musser, to Wm. Allison's farm.

R. M. Wolf, the popular merchant of Woodward, accompanied by his wife, spent a day at Smith Bro's. furniture store and bought a fine outfit of furniture.

Hon. Wm. Allison is disgusted at the way work is done at the State Capitol. "An honest confession is good for the soul."

Brief fun dar Gross Strose.

My lever Captain Schmitt:

Ich mus dere mole en brief schriva und dere far-zula we de lide aw kumma en dar gross s rose. Well, mer lava do we olla onra lide, mer essa won mere hungerich sin, und drinka won merdorstig sin, over de Keffer brea is rore. Mere hen nix we schnitz brea fer der ielb zu starka.

Ich muss dere mole ferzalen wo es anes fun unser buven in dar Broad Foot Valley on der bowerer stross g-onga is noch net long zerick. Are hud sy mind uf g'mocht ere wet mole ga de Betz sana, don hut ar si bester gowi uf g'sottled und is fort. Are hut so gut g'felt os won are en millionaire ware. We are mole nag'st ons house kumma is don hut ar si gowi in dar stol und is strocks he zu dar Betz, und du wast we is no gate—le zite is zu kortz. Well, we's mole gaga dar lets dale fun der nocht wore dos de hona so en larma g'mocht hen don hut are sinam zuker hartzle good-bye geva un is fort.

We are on der stoll gumma is don hut are mole g'sokt wo! un no hut are g'longt fer dar gowi un hut eme on schwantz gricket. "Krish dun moi, Somsel," hut are g'sogt. "wos is do lens. Ich g-op dos es en asli is," und is witer farry. Don is dare don's awgonga. No hut ar g'sanna dos de got Losa buva si gowi rous hen un hen en bull in si blots un der soddle druf. Der orm bu hut gabrovered si soddle zu grea, do is dar bull base worra. Dar bull hut ga brilled dos es g'holt hut dorrich de gons nochbershoft. Der orm bu hut g'fucht un de ma are awg'holta hut der schlimmer is es worra bis dar dog ow g'brocha is. Ar huts hartsglopa, fotterway, kopway, bowkway. Ar hut g'wisht ar het fum — sina keffer bre net wite fun dart, over es wor eva Sundog morga. Dar koust felicht judga we is war, for we are wister noch em kop kumma is don hut des stick fee mole g'mocht boo! woo! boo! woo! No over we ich en bince wetta hut ar Lottinish, Abraish, Greeish und Frongacish g'avest, no hut are g'sanna was lets is. Er hut g'wist dos de wosser dropa fun der starn und awah runner g'loffa is so gross we kee bona. Entlich is der olt Sol iver der barick ruf kumma. No hut ar si gowi g'funna un is ob noch hamc on de bowerer stross grot so hort os are ga hut keuna. We are hame is kumma wor dare dat und de man shun long uf. Ar is so shep ni g'slipt, over we dar d t en g'sana hut don hut are g'sogt, "och, wo worst dou du so long?" Ar is de stake nuf und hut zu sich selver g'swetz. "sell war awer gut defun. Ich hob en in my hartz g'dowered, now dut are singa 'In Louderboch howich my gowi farlora.'"

"Um gowi ga ich net hame,
So such ich fort bis ich fin my gowi,
Don rite ich gonce bis hame."

Du washt we mere young wora sin mer ols g'luffa, no hen de gotlosa buva ken drick speala keuna, un ich globe sis noch's best un so wid r.

MIKE SCHWEVELBRENNER.

Farmers Mills.

As the first of April is drawing near, some of our people are about ready to move. Among them are Messrs. John E. Rishel, and Jonas Stires. Sorry to see such prominent people leave the neighborhood, but wish them all success.

William Brown and family spent a few days with his father, Nathaniel Brown, before leaving for Huntingdon, where Mr. Brown is employed in teaching school. Success to the family.

The enterprising merchant, John H. Rishel, is receiving new goods daily, and is now ready to meet the demands of his customers, and give them lowest prices and best quality. In order to convince you of the fact, just drop in and see the merchant and goods.

The expert miller, Alfred Bradford, with the assistance of George Kline, is making good use of the abundance of water, and is running the mill almost day and night.

The Centre Hill sports paid their weekly visit to this place Saturday evening. The boys were quite jolly going through town they were whistling a tune which sounded something like "We won't go home 'til morning."

Miss Kathryn Armbruster, of Bellefonte, is home paying a visit to her mother, who is housed up with grip. Miss Kathryn's many friends are glad to see her.

Miss Blanche Hagen, who has been sick for some time is slowly convalescing.

George Kline and Miss Alice Fye spent Sunday with Mr. Kline's parents, near Boalsburg.

The singing class taught by Prof. Samuel Homan, will close on Saturday evening with a free concert at the Union church.

John E. Rishel purchased another fine horse on Saturday. John will turn the soil on Rev. Rearick's farm with good horses.

William R. Homan, after spending ten days' vacation at home with his wife and parents, has again returned to his college duties at New Berlin, Pa., where he will graduate this year. Mr. Homan is a bright and energetic young man.

Lemont.

Wednesday I. J. Dreese received a car load of lumber to be used in making extensive repairs to his house; he expects to receive the lumber for his new stable in a few days.

Miss Frances Woodring, who made her home with George Martz, has gone to Port Matilda to reside in the future.

Rev. Hepler gave all the young men who are members of the Christian Endeavor society, an invitation to a wood chopping party last Friday, but the weather being unfavorable not many came. Try again Rev.

Messrs. J. H. and J. C. Wasson, of Bolivia, N. Y. have returned to their homes after visiting their mother, Mrs. Cyrus Wasson, of Lemont, a few days.

Messrs. J. B. Mayes and Son have been doing some repairing to the stable on the property they bought from the Long estate.

Jack Mitchell, the hardware man, has secured possession of two very fine bull pups. Now burglars, if you don't want to lose a leg or an arm, don't try to crack Jack's safe.

Jack Dale, Esq., of Bellefonte, was noticed in town last Sunday.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, wishes you to sit for photos Friday of this week at his gallery at Centre Hall.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. Boob, of Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Mileage Tickets Reduced.

One thousand mile tickets, good over the whole system of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, including the State of Florida, and sold at $25 00, previously sold in Florida at $30 00, and are honored between Washington and Richmond, and by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company between Baltimore and Portsmouth, over "Bay Line."

Pinehurst And Southern Pines, N. C. Improved Through Pullman Service via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

The Seaboard Air Line Railroad is now operating through drawing-room sleeping cars from New York to Southern Pines and Washington to Pinehurst, N. C. These famous health and pleasure resorts are model New England towns nestled among the pine-clad sand hills of North Carolina, only eighteen hours from New York City. The finest and largest hotels in the State, with numerous private cottages and first-class boarding houses. Every variety of out door sports, with the finest eighteen hole golf links in the south. Trains leave New York, 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, 12:10 A. M. and 12:55 P. M., and Washington 8:35 A. M. and 6:55 P. M. For information and tickets address Chas. L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Horton, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

You will find the best brands of

FLOUR

are kept by

JOHN S. AUMAN,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Pillsbury Flour and John S. Auman Brand

are the best on the market.

BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP &
MIDDLINGS

always on hand.

Custom chopping done at all times.

☞ Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Here we are again with a full line of Spring goods. A full line of

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, LAWNS
AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, ETC.

In fact we have everything you can usually find in a country store.

We also sell Scull's Golden Blend Coffee at 2 lbs. for 25 cents.

H. F. ROSSMAN,

Spring Mills, . . . Pa

We have a small lot of

Woolen Blankets

left at reduced prices. Also a small lot of

HORSE BLANKETS

at reduced prices. A few

DUCK -:- COATS

also in stock that will be sold very reasonable.

...A fine line of...

Heavy Winter Shoes

at very low prices.

KREAMER & SON.

Clean Linen.

Nothing is more suggestive of the gentleman than clean linen. Give your shirts, cuffs and collars to Wm. McCoy Wolf and have them laundered at the Bellefonte Steam Laundry.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to give $5,000,000 to New York to establish sixty-five branch free libraries on condition that the city provide sites and maintain them. He has also offered $1,000,000 to St. Louis for library purposes.

The Best Nursery Stock.

I can promptly supply all kinds of nursery stock, the very best. All the leading varieties of peach trees grown in fine, healthy nurseries, free from all plant diseases or insect pests; also all other kinds of fruit trees. Guarantee of genuineness. Full particulars on application. JAMES MCCAULEY
mar7 3t Mifflintown, Pa.

Auction!

Friday Night,
Saturday
all Day.

Saturday afternoon for the ladies especially, so if the men want to attend Blauser's farm sale they can do so.

Saturday night children under 15 years of age not admitted.

If you want some bargains in the meantime you can get them, as I still have a nice assortment, but some lines are closing out each day.

G. H. LONG.

Spring Mills, - - Penn'a

CHAMBERSBURG BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Memorial Square, National Bank Building.

Courses in
BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, RAPID CALCULATION, STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, GRAMMAR and CORRESPONDENCE, COMMERCIAL LAW, ORTHOGRAPHY & PENMANSHIP.

An Actual Business Practice, a Complete Banking System and a Universal Dictation Course are being added to our already thorough courses.

Students can enter at any time.
Day and night sessions.
Day students admitted to Night sessions without extra charge.
Students assisted to positions when thoroughly qualified.
Rates and supplies lower than other schools of this kind.
Anyone contemplating taking any course given by us will do well to address,
E. S. RIPKA, Principal,
Chambersburg, Pa.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ Telephone connection.

WE LEAD, OTHERS FOLLOW.

Our stock of FURNITURE was never so complete as at the present time and consists of

Chamber Suits of all descriptions, Couches, Rockers, Morris chairs, Ladies' Writing Desks, Sideboards, Wardrobes, Cribs, Chiffoniers, Large Mirrors, clocks, Fine Rugs, Etc., Etc.

These goods will be sold during the next 30 days at reduced rates.

☞ DON'T MISS SEEING THEM. ☜

☞ Parties who purchase to the amount of $5.00 will get one bottle of Furniture Polish FREE and toll paid.

JOHN SMITH & BRO., SPRING MILLS.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

THE NEW YORK WORLD and THE CENTRE REPORTER } One Year, $1.65.

The New York World, thrice a week editions, and The Centre Reporter, can be had one year for $1.65, cash in advance.

Old subscribers to the Reporter who have paid a year's subscription to the present management of this paper can secure the World one year for sixty-five (65) cents. That puts all paid up subscribers to the Reporter on an equal footing. The regular price of the World is $1.00 cash in advance. The regular price of the Centre Reporter is $1.00 cash in advance. The two can be had for $1.65.

BANKS.

Penn's Valley Banking Company,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Receives Deposits,
Discounts Notes.

W. B. MINGLE, Cashier. auly

ATTORNEYS.

HUGH S TAYLOR,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
No. 24 Temple Court All manner of legal business promptly attended to. aug96

J. H. ORVIS. C. M. BOWER, E. J. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
Attorneys at Law,
BELLEFONTE PA.
Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. 26jul00

David F. Fortney. W. Harrison Walker.
FORTNEY & WALKER.
Attorney at Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office north of Court House.

CLEMANT DALE,
Attorney at Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jan87

W. G. RUNKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider Exchange.

S. D. GETTIG,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English, Office in Exchange Building.

N. B. SPANGLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Codsultation in English and German. Office, Crider Exchange Building. nov198

G. L. OWENS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
TYRONE, PA.
Our Specialty: Collections and Reports.
References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep 00

J. F. GARTHOFF,
Justice of the Peace, Practical Surveyor, and Conveyancer, COBURN, PA.

HOTELS.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL,
J. W. Runkle, Manager.
Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Centra for fishing and hunting. may697

OLD FORT HOTEL,
S. B. SHAFFER, Proprietor.
Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished
Best Liquors. Fine Stabling.

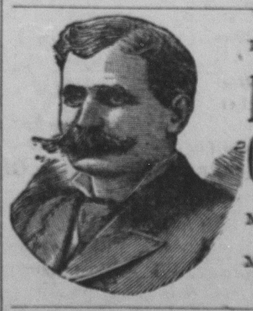
HOTEL HAAG,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.
Rates $1.00 per day.
East Bishop Street.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

BUSH HOUSE,
W. L. Daggett, Proprietor,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Special attention given to country trade. apr90

NEW GARMAN HOUSE,
Opposite Court House,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

SPRING MILLS HOTEL
D. H. Ruhl, Proprietor,
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains.

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.



To Repair Broken Articles use
Major's Cement
Remember
MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT,
MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores. Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Making Room

FOR Spring Goods, so come and get your share of the bargains. These are a few of the articles: Men's and Boys' 50 cent Caps go for 45 cents; 25 cent caps for 22 cents; Bed Blankets that were $1.25 go for $1.00. OVERCOATS AT COST. Also bear in mind that we have a nice line of SPRING GOODS in now to select from when you are getting great bargains in winter goods.

Onr Shoe Line Cannot be Beaten
Neither can our Full Line of Spring Goods,

Remember we are selling high grade Flour at remarkable prices. Don't buy your Spring goods until you examine our stock, as you may be sorry if you fail to get these bargains elsewhere. We are at the right location—at the CENTRE HALL STATION.

J. F. SMITH, Prop.

CENTRE HALL
CARRIAGE WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs.
Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

N. B.—We still have one of those first-class new hand-made Top Buggies, with leather trimings, spring cushion and back, that we offer at a great sacrifice price until April 12.

J. T. LEE,
Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

THE GENUINE
TOWER'S
TRADE MARK
FISH BRAND
POMMEL SLICKER
BLACK OR YELLOW
WILL KEEP YOU DRY
NOTHING ELSE WILL
LOOK FOR ABOVE TRADE MARK. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

Chimney to Cost $50,000.

A gigantic chimney, which will cost $50,000 and will be 360 feet in height when completed, is in course of erection for the Oxford Copper Works Company, near Bayonne, N. J. The chimney is intended to distribute high in the air the smoke and gases which hitherto have hung over Kill von Kull and New York Bay. The work of construction is being done from the inside, a small elevator carrying material to the workmen. The huge stack, built of radial perforated brick, will weigh 3600 tons when completed.

It will be the second largest chimney in the world, the largest being a stack in German 500 feet high.

The Law Of Recompense.

The law of recompense is ever in operation. A Colorado miner has fallen among thieves in Boston, but the incident is not a cimcumstance to the number of Boston capitalists who have fallen among mining thieves in Colorado.

Speedy, Prompt and Sure.

Acts quicker, never gripes and obtains better results than any laxative known.
Its action is marvelous, its effect immediate.
No remedy will cure constipation and biliousness so quickly and with absolutely no discomfort as

Hunyadi János

Average Dose: One-half glassful on arising in the morning. Every druggist and general wholesale grocer in the world sells it.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer: Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

FACE HUMORS

Pimples, Blackheads, Red Rough and Oily Skin

PREVENTED BY

Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS of Women Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz.: TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Cuticura THE SET, $1.25 Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Deacon Shaw's Philosophy.

Deacon Shaw's philosophy in the Peabody News: The other fellow's work always looks easy. * * * If you don't amount to much it is some one else's fault, of course. * * * Lots of men have fought for a point when bluffing would have gained it. * * * The poorest workman always has the biggest pile of "letters of recommendation." * * * You see things every day at which you sneer, but you would cry if you read about them in a novel. * * * A good way to keep from crying is to place a dollar in front of you and look at it steadily. The dollar is a great thing to keep grief away.

Stewart and Girard.

It is impossible not to compare the results of two such lives as those of Stewart and Girard. The latter's fortune, collected by hard labor and self-sacrifice, went to found a great charity, which has grown in usefulnes as the years have gone by, and which will carry the name of its founder down to the remotest posterity. But the recollection of Stewart is fading already, and the disappearance of the mansion on which he lavished so much of his gains will almost wipe it from memory. Nothing is more short-lived than a name built up on money solely.

Specific Directions.

A Memphis gentleman who has just returned from an overland trip through Mississippi says that one day he stopped at a negro cabin to ask the way to the village for which he was bound.

In reply to his hail, an old white-headed man came to the door, and the following conversation took place:

"Can you tell me how to get to B—?" asked the traveler.

"Saitinly, I kin, sah," replied the darkey. "You follow dis here road till jist before you gits in sight ob de next house, and den you turns to de right, and dar ain't no odder road to put you off from dar on till you gits to whar you is a-going."

Joy Enough.

Mrs. Subbubs—You didn't get much pleasure out of your walk, did you, dear?

Mr. Subbubs (beamingly)—Indeed, I did.

Mrs. Subbubs—But, that shower of rain. See how wet you are.

Mr. Subbubs—O! that doesn't matter What do you think? I found a golf ball I lost last Summer.

A Genuine Income Tax.

Beggars are taxed in China. There, evidently, the financial possibilities of the profession are frankly recognized.

OH! FOR STRENGTH!

Weak Nerves, Tired, Exhausted Bodies.

The Complaint of Thousands upon Thousands.

Health and Strength are Within Your Grasp.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Makes You Strong and Well.

It is the Great Restorative of Brain and Nerves.

Oh, those nerves of ours, how they do bother us! Weak, tired, and nervous is the complaint everywhere. We overwork, dissipate, weaken our bodies, ruin our health, and finally break down. Sleeplessness and indigestion are early symptoms, for the nerves are too exhausted and irritable to permit rest, and the stomach too weak to digest food.

It is nerve and brain exhaustion which makes the brain tired, and the arm nerveless, the limbs trembling, the muscles weak, and the whole body without strength, energy or ambition. It is loss of nerve and vital power which is slowly but surely sapping the very life itself, and unless help is sought from the right source, the end will be shattered nerves, insanity with softening of the brain, nervous prostration, heart failure, paralysis or premature death.

Beware of such symptoms! A well known druggist, Charles W. Eggleston, 329 Park Avenue, Worcester, Mass., suffered from nervous prostration and all its terrible symptoms. He writes the following letter telling what he knows is the best way to get well.

"Some time ago I was taken with nervous prostration, I suffered terribly with my nerves and could get no sleep at all. I became fearfully exhausted, my stomach was in terrible condition from dyspepsia, and I could eat hardly anything.

"I used several medicines but without benefit. Being in the drug business myself, and having had many customers speak in the highest terms of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to try it. After taking only one-half bottle I began to feel much better.

"I slept soundly at night, and my appetite was splendid. After taking three bottles, I ate three square meals a day, and had not the slightest distress. My nerves were perfectly strong and I felt like a new man, being completely cured of all my troubles.

"Out of the respect I bear the manufacturers of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and my desire to have the sick and sufferers made well and strong, I unhesitatingly say that this medicine is the best and most wonderful remedy known today.

"It does just what is said of it, it cures disease. Don't hesitate to use it, sufferers, for you will never regret it. You will be made well and strong."

As this letter is from a dealer in medicine, his word is authority on such matters. Everybody knows that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is the great leading medicine of the age. Take it and you will be made strong, healthy and vigorous. Doctors recommend it because it is the prescription of a physician, and because they know it cures.

Dr. Greene, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, discovered it. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter, at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City.

GARDEN AND FARM

LIME IN WHEAT AND STRAW.

There is only about a pound of lime in 1,000 bushels of wheat, and about five pounds in the straw. The entire mineral matter of a thousand pounds of wheat, after the water and volatile matters have been driven off, may be condensed into about thirteen pounds, including the lime, soda, magnesia, potash, etc. This may vary according to the soil and variety of wheat, but as wheat contains but little lime it is necessary that other foods, such as the legumes, should be used in connection with both wheat and corn.

GROW MORE CORN.

The farmers who are feeding out timothy hay, and seeing their neighbors selling load after load of it at a good price, while their cattle are kept in good condition and their cows are giving more milk on corn fodder than those do that are eating high priced hay, must feel like asking some one to kick them now, and then come around and kick them again next spring until they promise either to plant corn or sow corn in drills and save the fodder for next winter's use. Yet this is but one small part of their loss. Those who had a plenty of corn fodder to use during the dry time last summer kept their cows up to full milk production then, and began the fall with them in much better condition than were those that had to depend upon the pasture alone, and thus they will have more milk every day and milk more days this winter than those who trusted to the grass crop alone. Yet not one-half the latter will be much more ready to look ahead next spring than they were last spring.—Boston Cultivator.

THE COW BOARDER.

There are two varieties of cows. Note carefully: 1. The cow that gives more than she eats. 2. The cow that eats more than she gives. Which variety would you prefer in making up a dairy herd? Which variety do you actually have? Now there is no difficulty about telling the cow of one class from the cow of the other. There used to be; but there is not now. The Babcock test does it. The apparatus consists of a small scale, a Babcock test and a little common sense. By testing each cow separately a man can soon tell which ones are paying a profit and which ones are merely boarders. When feed is scarce and high dairymen will find it more than usually necessary to weed out the boarders.

Most creameries will make the tests for patrons free or at a nominal cost. The Vermont Experiment Station will make the analyses free when requested, if samples be properly taken. Or the dairyman can make the test for himself with the apparatus above described. It is not necessary to weigh the milk of each cow every time she is milked, nor to test it as often as a creamery does. It may be weighed but two or three days in a month. Sampling and testing may be done only twice a year, but the samples must be taken properly and at the right times to amount to much. When the cow is about four to six months along in milk, two composite samples should be taken. The average of these will generally be closely like the average which would result from frequent sampling. The milk weights, multiplied by fifteen or ten, as the case may be, will give an approximation to the milk yield; and the pounds of milk multiplied by the per cent. of fat and divided by six will give a close idea of the pounds of butter the cow will make.—Agricultural Epitomist.

MAKING HIGH CLASS CREAMERY BUTTER.

At the recent state dairy convention at Lincoln, Neb., the second prize for creamery butter was awarded to M. G. Koepsell, of Minnesota. In telling how the butter was made Mr. Koepsell says: The milk from which this butter was made was the receipts of a single day and was brought in by seventy-eight patrons of our creamery. The patrons have been notified and instructed to take good care of their milk. They must cool and aerate it as soon as it is drawn from the cow and keep the milk at a low temperature in a clean, well-ventilated room. They must not, however, let it freeze. As the milk was taken in at the creamery every can was carefully examined before it was poured into the weighing can. It was heated to a temperature of eighty to eighty-five degrees and separated at once.

The cream was then cooled to seventy degrees and about 20 per cent. of good whole milk starter added. The cream was stirred frequently so as to secure uniform ripening. The acidity was tested with the Mann's acid test and when thirty-seven cubic centimeters were used the cream was cooled to fifty-six degrees and placed in a churn. The proper amount of butter color was added and churning began. It took about fifty minutes to get the butter into granules the size of wheat grains. The buttermilk was then drawn off and the butter washed twice with water of the same temperature as the buttermilk. As soon as the butter had drained well, it was salted at once at the rate of one and one-eighth ounces of salt to a pound of butter. The churn was then revolved slowly so that the salt would become properly mixed with the butter. As the churn is a self-working one, the rollers were started at once and the butter worked three minutes. It was then allowed to stand one hour, when it was again worked for three minutes. The butter was then turned out and packed for shipment.

FEEDING AND REARING CALVES.

The dairy cow should never suckle her calf for more than three days. Some advocate taking the calf away as soon as dropped. According to Professor A. M. Soule, of the Tennessee Experiment Station, the calf should first be mothered before it is taken from the dam. This clears the skin of effete matter and materially aids the circulation. It is very important that this be done, as the calf is in a weakened condition and this aids in the development of its strength. After it is done, the calf may be removed without suffering. In all instances, it should receive the first milk or colostrum. This contains properties that are purgative in nature and clears the alimentary canal of materials that otherwise might cause congestion of the various digestive organs. Those who have handled calves have been astonished by the rapid growth and strength displayed by young animals several days after birth. The colostrum milk is the best means of providing the animal with the requisite food for growth and development. This matter must, therefore, receive due consideration when weaning calves and raising them by hand.

Should scours and other intestinal troubles result from careless feeding, they can be remedied by the addition of lime water, and by feeding in such a manner that the animal will have to take the milk slowly so that it will become thoroughly mixed with the saliva and other digestive juices and properly assimilated. After the third day, take the calf away and feed for two weeks or so on whole milk, then on skim-milk and adjuncts, chiefly flaxseed gruel. The milk must be fed at blood heat, between 98 and 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

The calf should early be taught to eat a mixture of grain and fodder. In the dairy the object is a rapid growth of muscle, but not fat. No difficulty will be experienced in teaching the calf to drink if a nipple is used. Equally good calves can be grown on skimmilk, and at much less expense when properly managed. The calves should be handled constantly from the beginning to make them gentle. Handle the udder parts in the heifer and thus stimulate the flow of blood to those parts, directly increasing the activity of the glands and developing the milk producing organs to the fullest extent. Breed at about eighteen to twenty months, so that the calf may be dropped at from twenty-seven to twenty-nine months. Breeding too young is detrimental to the mother, for she cannot develop properly and support a foetus at the same time, and a stunted heifer will make a cow deficient in stamina.—American Agriculturist.

MARKETS ON THE FARMS.

Where the losses on the farm occur is in the waste of those materials which are considered of but little value for market. The actual market value of an article does not indicate its value on the farm, for the price of an article is not obtained until it is properly packed or prepared, hauled to the depot and shipped to destination. There is consequently certain expenses incidental to selling. Again, an article is of more value if it is at the factory ready for use. It may be almost valueless elsewhere, but can be converted into a salable product wherever the means and appliances are at hand for that purpose; hence the farm offers many advantages for utilizing the cheaper articles that do not find ready sale in the open market. The farmer should not only avail himself of every opportunity to increase the value of his products on the farm, but should provide himself with all necessary stock and grow the most appropriate crops for that purpose. On nearly all farms there are articles which are considered as of little value, which could be converted into marketable products or substituted for something of greater value. Profits from farming are not made entirely from that which may be sold, but to the conversion of materials into other articles, and it is this matter which farmers should consider.

The grain which is sold from a crop of wheat represents the smaller portion of the crop. In fact, it costs the farmer more to grow straw, fodder and vines than grain or roots. In every hundred pounds of straw are four or five pounds of mineral elements, containing potash, lime, magnesia, phosphates, soda, etc., all of which come from the soil. But for the fact that wheat commands a ready price in market, and is in demand over the whole world, the straw would be considered of equal value as the grain as food on the farm. The fodder from corn is more costly to produce than the grain, but the grain is the marketable portion. The farm is the place for the utilization of the produce that is not in demand elsewhere, or which is too bulky for transportation, but the fact that these articles do not have a value outside of the farm has induced farmers to place a low value upon them and allow much to be wasted that could be rendered serviceable. If an article can be reserved for future use, or can be added to the farm, it is sold in reality just as surely as if sent to market, and every ounce of such product that is appropriated to a special purpose, with the view of deriving a return in the future, is disposed of in a manner similar to a sale. The transaction may not be a cash one, but it is an investment, and brings a profit as large, and often larger, than when products are sent off the farm to market.—Philadelphia Record.

Man proposes, but judging from the number of bachelors he often gets left.

BROKERS IN INVENTIONS.

Disappearance of the Unscrupulous Speculator—Odd Ideas.

Inventors, as every one knows, are deficient in business sense; left to themselves they seldom realize great profit from their work. They offer a golden opportunity to business men, who are not slow to take advantage of it. Two types of men make their living out of the inventor. One is the speculator, the other the legitimate broker of inventions. There are not so many speculators as there used to be 20 years ago. Many made fortunes out of simple-minded inventors. The most notable case was that of one who bought ten patents from a poor fellow in Washington for $3,000, and in the next ten years cleared nearly a million dollars on them in this country and in Europe.

Brokers have progressed steadily, and are now members of a recognized calling. Many of them are thorough mechanics and good practical scientists. Others are merely clever salesmen, who at times make money, and at other times have their labor for their pains. Their calling is full of odd and interesting features. They meet inventors of every type, from those who have genius to those who are cranks and dreamers. It is among the latter that they find queer inventions, some of which, though ingenious, are not patentable. One of these was a policeman's club, which at the end was perforated so as to form a red-pepper box. A small spring in the handle opened the box and enabled the wielder of the club to blind his enemy as well as to beat him. A second spring threw out as radii from the club a number of small knife-blades, which would cut to pieces the hand of any one who tried to snatch the club away. It was refused a patent by the examiners on the ground "of its cruelty and inhumanity."

Another non-patentable invention was a lady's fan in the stick of which was concealed a poisoned dagger. A second class of non-patentable inventions are those which profess to do the impossible. Of these, the perpetual-motion machine is most frequently met with. Some inventors devote themselves to little things. The man who made the egg-beater realized a small fortune. Another man, working along the same lines, applied a similar mechanism to the handle of a fan; by squeezing a knob, which acted upon a strong spiral spring, the fan revolved upon its center with great rapidity, and when the finger was released it reversed its motion and revolved the same number of times until it regained its original position.

The brokers receive a commission upon the sale of an invention or receive a part interest in the patent for their work.—New York Post.

BOY CHORISTERS.

Subtle Ways in Which the Choirmaster Replenishes His Choir.

The forming of a boy choir seems to be a matter of considerable difficulty. Singularly enough, the Sunday school furnishes very few recruits for this purpose, and in almost every instance the choirmaster is forced to apply to the public school for boys.

When he has obtained the necessary permission, he goes straight to the classroom and sees the boys personally. Then his troubles begin. Who would believe that the pugnacious, small public school boy edges shyly off when it comes to a question of dealing at close range with a strange "grown-up?" This, nevertheless, is just what happened. But finally, by dint of much persuasion and many allurements, several hundred boys are won over to accept an invitation to visit the church.

So far, so good. But when the appointed day arrives, out of this goodly number perhaps a single dozen lads appear. The resolution of the rest melted away when it came to the crucial point of actually entering upon an experience so strange and unfamiliar. When the voices of the dozen courageous ones are tried, possibly a half of them will be found worth the training. So that the promising two or three hundred recruits have dwindled, under the choirmaster's eye, to a meager five or six.

Thankful for this scant surplus at least, he begins training his little company. A single rehearsal, and then more excuses begin to come in. This boy has decided that the rehearsals take too much time from his play. That boy has chanced to mention the choir practice at home, and for some reason or other his parents withdraw him; and so on until even the scant remainder of the original array has sunk to a mere two or three, and, with a sigh, the choirmaster thanks the propitious fates for these.

Then the master begins to exercise his ingenuity in other directions. He offers a bonus to the members who will bring in other boys. Sometimes this device works admirably; the flourishing choir of St. James' Church, of which Mr. Henry Hall is master, is maintaned almost wholly in this manner. In other instances, a boy will persuade his friend to remain until the bonus is paid, and then, having received his share of the reward, the new recruit departs again on his way.—Truth.

A Fish Story.

"What sort of language does that ignorant codfish talk?" asked the lobster of the sea urchin.

"Oh, I suppose it's some kind of Finnish," replied the urchin.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

GOOD INFLUENCES.

Dr. Talmage Talks About the Mission of the "Writer's Inkhorn."

How It Makes For the World's Betterment --The Inkstand of the World's Evangelization.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In a new way and from a peculiar text Dr. Talmage discourses of good influences brought to bear for the world's improvement. The text is Ezekiel ix, 2, "And one man among them was clothed with linen, with a writer's inkhorn by his side."

The poem from which my text is taken is epic, lyric, dramatic, weird and overpowering. It is more than Homeric or Dantesque. No one ever had such divine dreams as Ezekiel. In a vision this prophet had seen wrathful angels, destroying angels, each with a sword, but in my text he sees a merciful angel with an inkhorn. The receptacle for the ink in olden time was made out of the horn of a cow or a ram or a roebuck, as now it is made out of metal or glass, and therefore was called the inkhorn, as now we say inkstand. We have all spoken of the power of the sword, of the power of wealth, of the power of office, of the power of social influence, but to-day I speak of the power for good or evil in the inkstand. It is upon your tables, holding a black or blue or red liquid. It is a fortress, an armory, a gateway, a ransom or a demolition. "You mistake," says some one. "It is the pen that has the power." No, my friend. What is the influence of a dry pen? Pass it up and down a sheet of paper, and it leaves no mark. It expresses no opinion. It gives no warning. It spreads no intelligence. It is the liquid which the pen dips out of the inkstand that does the work. Here and there a celebrated pen, with which a Declaration of Independence or a Magna Charta or a treaty was signed has been kept in literary museum or national archives, but for the most part the pens, whether, as of old, made out of reed or later of wing of bird or still later of metallic substance, have disappeared, while the liquid which the pens took from the inkstand remains in scroll which, if put together, would be large enough to enwrap the round world. For practical, for moral, for religious, for eternal purposes, I speak of the mission of "the writer's inkhorn."

First, I mention that which is purely domestic. The inkstand is in every household. It awaits the opportunity to express affection or condolence or advice. Father uses it; mother uses it; the sons and daughters use it. It tells the home news; it announces the marriage, the birth, the departure, the accident, the last sickness, the death. That home inkstand what a mission it has already executed, and what other missions will it yet fulfill! May it stand off from all insincerity and all querulousness. Let it tell only that which it would be well to read after the hand that wrote it and the hand that received it can write no more. Dip out of that inkstand only that which is paternal, maternal, filial, sisterly, brotherly. Sacred let it be, not to what are sometimes called the "household gods," but to the one and the only God who "setteth the solitary in families." Dip out of it solace for parents on the descending grade of years and encouragement for those who are climbing the steeps.

The carvers and glass blowers are ever busy making more ornate and skillful bowls for the ink, but not one of them will be so sacred as the old fashioned inkstand out of which was dipped the liquid for the making of the family record on the blank leaves in the Bible between the Old and the New Testaments, not so many leaves now blank as before recent years made birthday or mortuary insertions. From that home inkstand the child dips out material for those large and awkward letters that one always makes when learning to write, and from it are taken the trembling letters that show the wrinkled hand is gradually forgetting its cunning.

Oh, ye who have with recent years set homes of your own, out of the new home inkstand write often to the old folks, if they be still living. A letter means more to them than to us, who are amid the activities of life and to whom postal correspondence is more than we can manage. They await the coming of the letter. Undertake no great thing in life without their advice. Old people for counsel, young people for action. Even though through decadence they may be incompetent to give valuable opinions on important affairs, compliment them by asking their counsel. It will do them good; it will make their last days exhilarant. Make that home inkstand a source of rejuvenescence to those who are near the terminus of the earthly journey. Domestic correspondence is not attended to at once. The newspaper, joining with the telegraph, bears the tidings of all the neighborhood, but swiftest revolving wheel of modern printing press and quickest flash along the electric wires can never do the sympathetic work of the home inkstand. As the merciful angel of my text appeared before the brazen altar with the inkhorn at his side in Ezekiel's vision, so let the angel of filial kindness appear at the altars of the old homestead.

Furthermore, the inkstand of the business man has its mission. Between now and the hour of your demise, O commercial man, O professional man, there will not be a day when you cannot dip from the inkhorn a message that will influence temporal and eternal destiny. There is a rash young man running into wild speculation, and with as much ink as you can put on the pen at one time you may save him from the Niagara rapids of a ruined life. On the next street there is a young man started in business who through lack of patronage or mistake in purchase of goods or want of adaptation is on the brink of collapse. One line of ink from your pen will save him from being an underling all his life and start him on a career that will win him a fortune which will enable him to become an endower of libraries, an opener of art galleries and builder of churches.

The most largely successful and useful men of our time once wore an old coat because they could not afford a new one, and got wages less than that which they pay their cook or butler. It will be a mighty thing if out of your inkstand you can dip a man's earthly and everlasting fortune. Dip out of that inkstand not one word of disheartenment. People have enough burdens to carry without your adding one ounce to the heft. From your inkstand put not one blot on an honest ambition. Keep all the whole of your factory spinning rays of sunshine. If you are a Christian man, put into your business letters an adroit, moral, religious suggestion that will keep the receiver thinking after he has left the counting room for his home and far on into the night when he lies upon a wakeful pillow. To-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, as you begin to answer your letters, you will have on the nib of your pen enough ink to save a soul from death and hide a multitude of sins.

Furthermore, great are the responsibilities of the author's inkhorn. All the people, or nearly all the people, read, and that which they read decides their morals or immorals, their prosperity or failure, their faith or their unbelief, their purity or corruption, their heaven or hell. Show me any man's library, great or small, and after examining the books, finding those with leaves uncut, but displayed for sake of the binding, and those worn with frequent perusal, and without ever seeing the man or knowing his name, I will tell you his likes and his dislikes, his morals, good or bad or indifferent, his qualifications for business or artistic or professional or mechanical life. The best index to any man's character is the book he prefers above all others. Oh, the power of a book for good or evil!

Abraham Lincoln in early life read Paine's "Age of Reason," and it so influenced him that he wrote an essay against Christianity. But afterward some Christian books came into his hands and gloriously changed his mind and made him a most ardent friend of the Bible and a man of prayer. A letter in Mr. Lincoln's own handwriting is in my house, the letter in response to some resolutions passed by a Methodist conference, saying: "In response to your address allow me to attest the accuracy of its historical statements, indorse the sentiments it expresses and thank you in the nation's name for the sure promise it gives. Nobly sustained as the Government has been by all the churches, I would utter nothing which might in the least appear invidious against any. Yet without this it may fairly be said that the Methodist Episcopal Church, not less devoted than the best, is by its great numbers the most important of all. It is no fault in others that the Methodist church sends more soldiers to the field, more nurses to the hospital and more prayers to heaven than any. God bless the Methodist church, bless all the churches, and blessed be God, who in this, our great trial, giveth us the churches."

What a great thing it was that the Christian books which Mr. Lincoln read obliterated from his mind the infidel literature! William Carey became a missionary by reading "The Voyages of Captain Cook." John Wesley's life was shaped by reading Jeremy Taylor's "Holy Living and Dying." There are books in your library or lying on your parlor table or secreted in some place by your child that will decide for two worlds, this and the next, the character of its reader.

When a bad book is printed, you do well to blame the publisher, but most of all blame the author. The malaria rose from his inkstand; the poison that caused the moral or spiritual death dropped in the fluid from the tip of his pen. The manufacturer of that ink could tell you that it is made of tannin and salt of iron and nut galls and green vitriol, but many an author has dipped from his inkstand hypercriticism and malevolence anld slander and salaciousness, as from a fountain of death.

Among the most important are the editorial and reportorial inkstands. The thick ink on the printer's roller is different from the ink into which the writer dips his pen and is compounded of linseed oil and lampblack and made thick by boiling or burning. But the editorial and reportorial pens are responsible for that which the printer's ink roller impresses upon the flying sheets. Where one man reads a book, 5000 men read a newspaper. What change of opinion in regard to the printing press since the day when the great Addison wrote concerning it, "One cannot but be sorry that such a pernicious machine is erected among them," and when, under the reign of Charles II., only one newspaper, the London Gazette, was allowed to be printed, and that only on Mondays and Thursdays! Not until the judgment day, when the forces which have influenced the world shall be compared and announced, will be known the power of the modern newspaper.

Thomas Guthrie dipped into it and brought up "The Gospel In Ezekiel." John Cumming dipped into it and brought up "The Apocalypse." Oh, the opulence of Christian literature! Oh, the mighty streams of evangelistic power that have poured from the writer's inkhorn that appeared in Ezekiel's vision!

While you recognize the distinguished ones who have dipped into the inkstand of the world's evangelization do not forget that there are hundreds of thousands of unknown men and women who are engaged in inconspicuous ways doing the same thing. How many anxious mothers writing to the boys in town! How many sisters writing encouragement to brothers far away! How many invalids bolstered up in bed, the inkhorn on the stand at their side, writing letters of condolence to those worse off than themselves! They are flying all the time kind words, gospel words, helpful words, saving words.

Call the evangelistic inkhorn into service in the early morning, when you feel well, and you are grateful for the protection during your sleeping hours, and write before you retire at close of day to those who all night long will be saying, "Would to God it were morning!" How many bruised and disappointed and wronged souls of earth would be glad to get a letter from you! Stir up that consolatory inkhorn.

All Christendom has been waiting for great revivals of religion to start from the pulpist and prayer meetings. I now suggest that the greatest revival of all time may start from a concerted and organized movement through the inkhorns of all Christendom, each writer dipping from the inkhorn nearest him a letter of gospel invitation, gospel hope, gospel warning, gospel instruction. The ink is all ready on a hundred thousand tables, and beside it are the implements with which to dip it out. Why not through such process have millions of souls brought to God before next summer? By letter you could make the invitation more effective than by word of mouth. The invitation from your lips may be argued back, may evoke querulous reply, may be answered by a joke, but a good, warm, gospel letter, written in prayer, and started with prayer, and followed by prayer, will be read over and over again and cannot be answered in a frivolous way.

Within arm's reach of where you sit there may be a fluid that you may put on wing with message of light and love. Oh, for the swift flying angel of mercy which Ezekiel saw in vision "with a writer's inkhorn by his side."

The other angels spoken of in my text were destroying angels, and each had what the Bible calls a "slaughter weapon" in his hand. It was a lance or a battleax or a sword. God hasten the time when the last lance shall be shivered, and the last battleax dulled, and the last sword sheathed, and the angel of the text, who Matthew Henry says was the Lord Jesus Christ, shall from the full inkhorn of His mercy give a saving call to all nations. That day may be far off, but it is helpful to think of its coming.

As Dr. Raleigh declared that when thirty-six miles at sea off the coast of New England the cattle on board the ship as well as himself scented the clover on the New England hills, so we amid all the tossing waves of the world's controversies inhale the redolence of the white lilies of universal peace.

If our Bible is true—and no other book that was ever printed is as true as that book, which Moses began and John finished—then the time will come when all the weapons of cruelty will stop, and the inkhorns of evangelization will have their way. In the museums of the world the carbine and the cannon and the bomb will be kept as curiosities, and children will be incredulous as parents tell them that civilized nations once employed such instruments of death, and more incredulous when told by their parents that the army that killed the most men was considered the most glorious army. The red horse of carnage that St. John saw in vision and the black horse of famine and the pale horse of death will be stabled, and the white horse of prosperity and peace, mounted by the King of Kings, will lead the great army with banners. Through the convicting, converting, sanctifying power of the Eternal Spirit may we all march in that procession! Hail, thou Mighty Rider of the white horse in the final triumph! Sweep down and sweep by, thou Angel of the New Covenant, with the inkhorn of the world's evangelization! "The mountains and the hills shall break forth into singing, and all the trees of the field shall clap their hands. Instead of the thorn shall come up the fir tree, and instead of the brier shall come up the myrtle tree, and it shall be to the Lord for a name, for an everlasting sign that shall not be cut off."

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

The Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

WON'T ASSESS THE CARNEGIE MEN.

It Is Believed the Income From the $4,000,000 Fund Will Be Sufficient to Provide Pensions --Twice Struck by Lightning--Claimant of Defunct Trust Company Clamoring for $65,000 --Dairymen Organize.

President C. M. Schwab, of the Carnegie Company, on his return to Pittsburg said that a meeting of company officials would be held shortly to act on the pension plan involved in Mr. Carnegie's donation of $4,000,000, the interest on which is to be used for such a purpose. It was learned authoritatively that there would be no assessment feature in the plan. The best that is possible will be done with the $200,000 annually coming from the bonds. It is believed that the income from the fund will be sufficient, as the money is intended only to supplement what the company already regularly does for the victims of accidents. The report that Mr. Carnegie intended to endow the Polytechnic School which he has founded with $25,000,000 is denied as absurd by those in a position to know. Mr. Carnegie will doubtless care for the school as its requirements may arise in the future on the same system by which he has from time to time added to the Carnegie Institute Endowment fund, but this is all.

During a thunderstorm at Sharon Mrs. Archibald Rankin, aged 65 years, received a violent shock from lightning, totally paralyzing her. When restored to consciousness she was subjected to a sensation of prickly heat, resembling being punctured by the points of a thousand needles. Some years ago Mrs. Rankin was severely shocked by lightning, since which time she has been exceedingly sensitive and susceptible to its influence. She has been styled "the human magnet" on account of her keen susceptibility to all electrical disturbances. For years she has been compelled to sleep in a bed on the legs of which are glass insulators. She also sits in an insulated chair. Her case has been a puzzle to doctors generally for years.

The stockholders and depositors in the defunct Chester County Guarantee Safe Deposit and Trust Company are wanting another dividend or division of what is left of the wreck. The affairs of the concern have been in the hands of receivers for over four years, during which time 30 per cent. has been divided among the claimants. Now there is about $65,000 more in the hands of the receivers and those interested are clamoring for it.

To fight the Philadelphia milk dealers more successfully and to promote the dairymen's interests generally, a meeting was held at Chadd's Ford. After discussing methods to be adopted by the shippers, the following officers were elected upon what is considered a protective platform: President, Albert B. Huey, Lenape; vice-president, James A. Kirkpatrick, Brandywine Summit; secretary, George Byers, Brandywine Summit; treasurer, Joseph P. Williams, of same place.

W. D. Brisbin, while collecting mail in the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad yards at McKeesport, made a ghastly discovery of a dead man sitting on top of a box car pinned to the upright brake. Upon investigation it was found that the man had been struck by a beam of a bridge fifteen miles below the city. The top of his head was knocked off. It was learned afterward that the man was John B. Nefcy, of Driftwood, Pa.

It is feared that Edward Kuhn, a wealthy and retired farmer living at Oakville, has been murdered and his body cast into the Loyalhanna creek. Three days ago he left home with a large amount of money to pay a contractor several miles away. It developed that he was last seen in company with three men near the bank of the creek. The creek is being dragged for Kuhn's body.

The Central Labor Union, at a meeting at Wilkesbarre, determined to make an investigation regarding the ages of children employed at the factories and breakers in that valley. Factory Inspector Campbell will aid the union in discovering and punishing parents who have falsely sworn as to the ages of their children in order to secure employment for them.

A mine prop gave way in a heading at Hickory Swamp colliery, Shamokin, and tons of coal and rock rushed out and completely buried George Ramsey and William Blyler. After a rescuing party had worked over eight hours Ramsey was found dead. His companion was taken out in a dying condition.

Peter McCann, a resident of Greenfield, who was arrested by Detective Neary in Wilkesbarre on the charge of robbery, committed suicide in the jail by hanging himself with a pair of suspenders. McCann's body was found by Chief of Police McAndrews. McCann was perfectly sane when arrested, but had been drinking hard last night.

Easton has declined to accept a public library from Andrew Carnegie, who offered to donate $50,000 for the purpose if the city would maintain the institution. There is much disappointment over the fact that the Board of Control voted not to levy a tax sufficient to support the library.

Jesse Shoop, aged 16 years, son of Harry Shoop, of Steelton, while riding on a freight train fell off near the Pennsylvania Railroad Station and was instantly killed.

The body of an unknown man was found floating in the river ten miles above Lock Haven by the crew of a raft. The body was taken ashore and an inquest will be held.

A number of capitalists of Wilkesbarre have obtained the right of way for building an electric road around Harvey's Lake and will complete it by July.

One man was killed and two fatally injured on the railroad near Greensburg. George Lindsey, 28 years old, living at Crabtree, met instant death. John Skutchell, a Johnstown brakeman, and George Bradley, of Hermbinie, were crushed so badly that death is expected.

By the will of Laura H. Witmer, of Lancaster, $500 is bequeathed to Longnecker's Mennonite Meeting House.

The Testimony

Of many thousands who use and have used Crab Orchard Water in various diseases, would warrant anyone in giving it a trial.

The date of the Johnstown flood was May 31, 1889.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

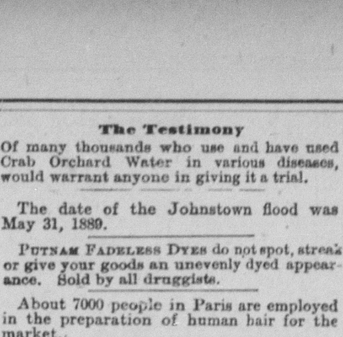
About 7000 people in Paris are employed in the preparation of human hair for the market.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment, and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.



Mrs. August Pfalzgraf, of South Byron, Wis., mother of the young lady whose portrait we here publish, wrote Mrs. Pinkham in January, 1899, saying her daughter had suffered for two years with irregular menstruation—had headache all the time, and pain in her side, feet swell, and was generally miserable. Mrs. Pinkham promptly replied with advice, and under date of March, 1899, the mother writes again that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her daughter of all pains and irregularity.

Nothing in the world equals Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine for regulating woman's peculiar monthly troubles.

WILLS PILLS—BIGGEST OFFER EVER MADE. For only **10 Cents** we will send to any P. O. address, 10 days' treatment of the best medicine on earth, and put you on the track how to make **Money** right at your home. Address all orders to **The R. B. Wills Medicine Company, 23 Elizabeth St., Hagerstown, Md. Branch Offices: 129 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C.**

CURES BLOOD POISON. TREATMENT FREE.

Have you eating, festering sores, mucous patches, sore throat or gums, ulcers, pimples, itching skin, aches in bones or joints, falling hair, boils, cancer, scrofula, offensive catarrh or old rheumatism? Then you have contracted or inherited blood poison. To cure, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) which is made especially to cure the worst and most deep-seated cases, even when the bones are affected. B. B. B. heals every sore, stops all aches, makes new, rich blood, giving the rich glow of health to the skin. B. B. B. improves the digestion. B. B. B. thoroughly tested for 30 years. B. B. B. kills or destroys the poison, drawing it from the system. Drug stores, $1. Treatment of B. B. B. sent absolutely free by writing Blood Balm Co., 25 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given until cured. Costs nothing to try B. B. B. Medicine sent prepaid.

Eleven Indian languages are still spoken in Mexico.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Great Britain brews $345,000,000 worth of beer a year.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There were 295,752 marriages in France during the year 1899.

When You Buy Ink

get Carter's and you will get the best every time. "Inklings" free. Carter's Ink Co., Boston.

The record running high jump is six feet five and three-quarters inches.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The hairdresser feels no compunctions about dying an old maid.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The unsuccessful man realizes that there is plenty of room at the bottom.

Hoxsie's Croup Cure

is the only remedy in the world that cures and prevents Croup, Pneumonia and Diphtheria. No opium and no nausea. 50 cents.

A man seldom enjoys good health while he has it.

Don't drink too much water when cycling. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

Women use seventeen times as many gloves as men.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

The real worth of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00.

Our $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. We make and sell more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because **THEY ARE THE BEST.** Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. *Write for catalogue showing new Spring styles.*

We use Fast Color Eyelets in all our shoes. **W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.**

WINCHESTER GUN CATALOGUE FREE

Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition

Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.

180 WINCHESTER AVENUE - - - - NEW HAVEN, CONN.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

There is nothing that a

SOCIAL LION

appreciates as much as a good cup of coffee.

If you don't drink

LION COFFEE

yourself, at least keep some for your guests.

But what can you buy for yourself that is **better** or that **costs so little** as

—LION COFFEE?—

Get the genuine! (Lion's Head on every wrapper). If not at your grocer's try another store. LION COFFEE is not glazed nor coated with egg mixtures or chemicals. We have no imperfections to hide! LION COFFEE is absolutely pure coffee, and nothing but coffee!

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Choice Vegetables

always bring high prices. To raise them successfully, a fertilizer containing at least 8% Potash should be used.

Our books furnish useful information on all subjects relating to crop raising. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau Street,
New York.

Constipation

is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.

Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.

TRADE MARK

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

For 14 Cents

We mail the following rare seed novelties.

1 pkg.	Blue Blood Tomato Seed,	$ .15
1 "	Northern Lemon Seed,	.15
1 "	Wana's Favorite Onion Seed,	.15
1 "	Emerald Green Cucumber Seed,	.10
1 "	City Garden Beet Seed,	.10
1 "	15-Day Radish Seed,	.10
1 "	La X. Market Lettuce Seed,	.15
2 "	Brilliant Flower Seed,	.15
		$1.00

Worth $1.00 for 14 Cents.

Above 10 packages rare novelties we will mail you free, together with our great Illustrated Seed Catalog, telling all about

Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass
Also Choice Onion Seed, 60c. a lb.

Together with thousands of earliest vegetables and farm seeds, upon receipt of 14c. and this notice. When once you plant Salzer's Seeds you will never do without.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LaCrosse, Wis.

Hedge Plants For Sale.

PLANTS FOR 100 RODS $5. OF FENCE FOR

The cheapest and strongest fence made. We manufacture Iron Gates and Posts of all sizes and styles. Address

P. M. MISHLER, Hagerstown, Md.

PATENTS

WITHOUT FEE unless successful. Send description and get free opinion.

MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. Div. 5, 817—14th Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. Branch offices: Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 $1

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. B N U 12.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 21, 1901.

On to Success in 1901.

WE'VE made our mark in the past dozen years and we've sold all the way from 10,000 to 30,000 pairs of shoes a year, and we expect to sell more in 1901 than in any previous year.

Our plans are perfected.

We have formed connections with the best manufacturers in the country. From them we buy as cheap as any concern in the country, large or small.

We carry stocks that are unsurpassed anywhere.

We name prices that are seldom matched and rarely beaten.

We freely right every wrong—no sale is completed until you are satisfied.

Mingle's Shoe Store.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Methodist: Centre Hall, 10 30 a. m.; Sprucetown, 2. 0 p. m.; Spring Mills, 7 p. m.

Reformed: Centre Hall, 2 30 p. m.; Tusseyville 10 30 a. m.

Lutheran: George's Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian: Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Spring Mills, 2 30 p. m.

An Easter Luncheon.

Those ladies who want to give a dainty Easter luncheon will find help in the April Delineator. The illustrated cookery article for the month is devoted to this one subject, and is exceedingly pretty.

Greater Lewistown.

The town council of Lewistown has passed an ordinance annexing all of Derry and part of Granville township. Greater Lewistown now has over 6000 population.

Will Rebuild Mill.

J. H. Ross, of Linden Hall, will rebuild the flour mill at that place which was recently destroyed by fire. The structure will be frame, and fitted out with the most improved roller process.

Who Can Furnish Them?

Who can send to this office Reporters of the following dates: March 1, May 10, May 24, June 14, and August 9, 1900. It will be esteemed a special favor if any or all of these numbers can be furnished.

A Good Sale.

Ezra S. Tressler, of near Linden Hall, was very well pleased with the result of his public sale Monday. The sales footed up over $2400. Mr. Tressler had good stock and implements and everything was in good condition.

Sowing Oats in Kansas.

John Relph, who spent his boyhood and youth about Reedsville, writes from Halstead, Kansas, that they were sowing oats in his section the day he wrote, 16th inst., and that the prospects for a wheat crop were exceedingly promising.

Houses all Rented.

The Dinges, Odenkirk, Ripka and Bitner houses are all rented. These properties were rented but recently, but not because of lack of applicants. The Wolf house, so far as is known, has not been rented, but can be on the terms of the lessor at any moment.

Marriage Licenses.

Franklin P. Flory, of Tusseyville, and Sevilla L. Graden, Spring Mills.

William Kennedy, State College, and Lizzie Pennington, State College.

Thomas L. Moore, Centre Hall, and Lillie Christine, Elysburg.

John Whilton, Philipsburg, and Mary Bealy, Hawk Run.

Rev. Rhoads Will Say Farewell.

Rev. W. W. Rhoads, pastor of the United Evangelical church in this place, will say farewell to his flock on Sunday evening. Rev. Rhoads is held in the highest esteem not only by his parishioners, but by all who learned to know him, all of whom regret to see him leave. He will be located at Grover, Bradford county.

Appointments by the Governor.

Governor Stone sent to the Senate the following appointments: Trustees of the Cottage State Hospital, Philipsburg, A. S. R. Richards, Osceola Mills, vice W. A. Crist; A. E. Wotridge, Woodland, vice E. A. Irwin; J. N. Schoenoon, Philipsburg, vice Robert Lloyd, deceased; Thomas Blythe, Maderia, vice W. P. Duncan, resigned.

Flames Baffled.

The farm house of C. A. Krape, near Centre Hall, narrowly escaped being burned to the ground Saturday of last week. Oscar Homan is tenant, but at the time of the fire, which was caused by an over heated stove pipe, he was absent from home. Mrs. Homan together with the Shaffers and Aumans managed to baffle the flames and saved the house and contents from destruction.

MR. MOORE.

MRS. MOORE.

Miss Lillie E. Christine, one of Elysburg's most popular young ladies and daughter of Rev. F. F. Christine, and Thomas L. Moore, of Centre Hall, were married Tuesday at the residence of the bride's parent's in Elysburg. The event took place promptly at 6.30 p. m. The bride was very becomingly gowned in white crepe de chine, and looked beautiful. The groom wore the conventional black suit.

Fred Christine, brother of the bride, acted as groomsman, and Miss Grace Christine, a sister, was bridesmaid. She was charmingly gowned in pink French lawn. As the wedding party marched into the parlors to the inspiring strains of the Lohengrin wedding march, they were met by the bride's father who performed the ceremony. Throughout the entire services the soft strains of the wedding march were heard, which were played by Miss Carrie Pensyl, an accomplished musician, of Elysburg. After the congratulations, bidding the young couple a happy voyage through life, the guests were ushered into the dining room where elegant refreshments were served. The bride and groom's table was decorated with pink and white.

The bride received many handsome and valuable presents. The bridal party arrived in Centre Hall Wednesday afternoon, and proceeded to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Moore, west of Centre Hall, where a reception was given them that evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore will go to housekeeping in Centre Hall, where their house is already partly furnished.

JACOB BARGER FOUND DEAD.

An Aged Gentleman of Gregg Township Dies While Doing a Chore.

Jacob Barger, one of the oldest residents of Gregg township, died at his home Thursday, of paralysis, at the age of eighty-eight years. Mr. Barger, up to the time of his death was in the best of health. About four o'clock last Thursday he said, "I will go and get kindling for morning," and not returning for a longer time than usual, his wife went to look for him and found him lying in the wood shed unconscious. He was carried to the house and Dr. Leitzell called, but nothing could be done to revive him, and at nine o'clock he breathed his last.

Mr. Barger was born in Mifflin county in 1812; from there he went to Westmoreland county, then back to Mifflin county, and from there to Centre county, where he has resided for thirty-three years. He was a remarkably robust man, and was always a hard working man, and never had occasion to take a dose of medicine in his life until two years ago.

He is survived by a wife and six children, three children having preceded him to the grave. Those surviving are Sarah and Mrs. Samuel Neese, Milroy; Mrs. Isaiah Pecht, of Siglerville; Ira, Madisonburg; James, Beech, and Miles J., Milroy.

Interment at the Cross Church on Monday, Rev. Rearick, of Centre Hall, officiating, assisted by Rev. Brown, of Spring Mills.

Child and Home Burned.

In a fire that destroyed the handsome home of Charles Nelson at Clear Run, Clearfield county, Wednesday afternoon of last week, Hildred, a two-year-old son of the family, perished and the mother of the little one was seriously burned in her frantic efforts to rescue it. The flames broke out in an upstairs room, where the child was asleep, and was caused by an overheated flue.

Armstrong's Stave Mill.

D. C. Armstrong of this place, is operating a large stave mill near Woodward, on the Daniel Ertel tract. The capacity of the mill is 20,000 per day. J. S. Miller, who has spent some twelve years on a stave mill, and his brothers E. K. and H. H., have taken the contract to do the cutting, sawing and packing of the staves on the mill. These young men were formerly the employees of Wm. Colyer, at this place. Frank Ross, Bruce Runkle and James Fetterolf, all of this place, may also go to Woodward and work on the same mill.

Approaching Sales.

Today, Thursday, David Bohn south of Boalsburg, on the Sparr farm. Same date, John F. Breon, near Spring Mills, a good farm stock and implements.

Friday, March 22, Mrs. M. B. Richards, Centre Hall, household goods.

March 23, G. W. Ocker, Centre Hall, household goods, etc. Also, at same time and place, young cattle, etc., of Annie Royer.

March 25, Speer Burrell, one mile east of Penn Hall.

March 28, Mrs. John Showers, two and one-half miles west of Centre Hall, farm stock and implements.

Mar. 29, Leonard Rhone, three miles west of Old Fort, fine lot of horses, cows, sheep and implements.

BADLY FRIGHTENED WORKMEN.

The Breaking of a Steam Gauge Under High Pressure Caused the Scare.

W. H. Moyer, of Colyer, is operating a well equipped shingle mill near "Pole Cat City," and Saturday morning Mr. Moyer was working about the mill as usual, when for some unaccountable reason the glass steam gauge broke. The escaping steam shrieked in a hideous manner, and the workmen concluding the concern was going to pieces, lit out for their lives into places of safety. John Lee at last mustered up courage enough to shut down the engine, and examining into the cause of the explosion, which proved as stated above. Messrs. J. H. Royer and Henry Moyer were also on the mill at the time, and none will deny that the escaping steam made them think of better and happier days.

The Wheat Outlook.

Since the snow has disappeared, many of the wheat fields throughout Penns Valley present an unpromising appearance. Some fields are in very fair condition, but very few that have a first-class prospect before them. Of course the weather of this month and April has much to do with the crop.

Mr. and Mrs. Gephart Entertain.

The leading social event of the season at Millheim, took place last Friday evening, when Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gephart entertained a number of their friends in honor of Miss Ada Barry, of Johnstown. About sixty invitations were issued, and there were as many responses. Every one present spent a most enjoyable evening.

Samuel McCoy Loses by Fire.

The large barn of Mrs. A. C. Randall, near Jersey Shore, on the farm on which Samuel McCoy, formerly of Potters Mills, lives was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday evening of last week together with the implements and nine calves and three pigs. The building was the property of Mrs. Samuel McCoy's mother.

Castellane Ahead.

In the duel fought Saturday in Paris by Count de Castellane and De Rodays, the former succeeded in drawing blood by imbedding a bullet in his antagonist's thigh. Editor De Rodays fired between the counting time of "one" and "two," and his bullet grazed Anna Gould's husband's head. The Count fired between the "two" and "three."

Deaths in Nearby Counties.

Union—In Hartleton, Mrs. Sarah Wolfe, aged eighty-six.

Mifflin—John C. Ross, at Reedsville. He was engineer at one time on the K V. railroad.

Clinton—In Lock Haven, Mrs. T. M. Poorman, aged nearly forty years. At the same place, Mrs. John Bohse, aged seventy-two years. Mrs. Clara Long, at Mill Hall. Edward De Hass, at Beech Creek, aged seventy-two years.

Hay for Sale.—Onions Wanted.

O. T. Corman, of Spring Mills, offers for sale choice baled timothy hay, at reasonable prices. Terms cash.—Wanted, twenty-five bushels of large onions, at once. In exchange for merchandise, 60 cents will be paid; cash price, 50 cents.

BRIEF LOCALS.

7 pounds Flour Sulphur, 25 cents, at Swartz's, Tusseyville.

Hon. L. Rhone Tuesday started for Philadelphia and other points on business.

W. W. Boob set an additional blacksmith to work in his wheel works at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Moyer, of Colyer, were in Centre Hall Tuesday on business.

Rev. H. W. Buck, of the United Evangelical church at Millheim, made a business trip to Altoona Wednesday.

Mrs. D. T. Wieland who has been seriously ill for some days, is improving slowly at her home in Linden Hall.

'Squire Reifsnyder, of Millheim, was in town to attend a meeting of the Centre Hall fire insurance company Tuesday.

'Squire J. S. Houseman advertises letters of administration on the estates of Franklin Wright and Mary Wright, of Colyer.

Samuel Gingerich, of near this place, is nursing a very sore hand, a bealing, which has disabled that member for some weeks.

Read the advertisement of J. Frank Smith, at the Centre Hall Station, who is offering purchasers inducements for the spring trade.

Mrs. W. W. Boob sold her millinery fixtures and stock to Mrs. Lucy Henney, on Church street, who has been in that business in this place for many years.

Henry Rowe and Watson Keiper were indicted Monday for the murder of Cashier Charles W. Ryan, of the Halifax. The trial will begin today, Thursday.

Mrs. H. F. Bitner, of Millersville, is expected to arrive at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D Murray, at this place, today, Thursday. She will be accompanied by her little son, Ralph.

Harry Kister, of Millheim, who has been employed in Sunbury for some time, came home on Friday evening and is now housed up with a severe attack of rheumatism, scarcely being able to move about without assistance.

Harvey Heaton, of Bellefonte, fell from a telephone pole in Johnstown and was instantly killed. He was a member of Company B, and was among the volunteers who enlisted during the war with Spain.

S. M. Swartz's addition to his advertisement of last week will be of interest to all house keepers. A fine line of carpets in a country store is something unusual. Mr. Swartz appreciates the value of advertising.

The Pittsburg Post, which is thoroughly Democratic in principles, has a circulation of nearly 62,000 for the Daily and 66,000 for the Sunday edition. The Post has many new features, and as a whole is an ideal paper.

Jerry Miller, the Centre Hall barber, is in Dubois, having gone there last week. It is rumored that he is looking for a place to locate and that he sold his barber shop to Frank Geary, of Millheim. It is quite likely that such a deal will be consummated, in the future, but at present the Millers claim that the deal has not taken place.

A. C. Rossman, of Chambersburg, stopped in Centre Hall over Sunday. Mr. Rossman was here especially to see the hardware store of W. W. Boob, and there is a possibility that the gentlemen may come together on terms. Mr. Rossman is interested in a drug store in Danville, where he formerly lived, but has concluded to engage in other business.

Hiram Lee, who lives on the Decker farm, in Georges Valley, will move to the Milligan farm, three miles east of Bellefonte, on April 1st. The Milligan farm is at present occupied by Daniel Wian, who lived there as tenant for twenty-one years. Mr. Wian made sale of his stock and implements Wednesday and will become a resident of Centre Hall, where he owns a good home.

H. H. Yearick, of the firm of Yearick Bros., extensive coal dealers, Philadelphia, spent a few days with his brother-in-law, W. B. Mingle, Esq., in this place. Mr. Yearick is one of those all around men, who should be found in all communities, who has the welfare of those about him continually in mind and whose temporary absence is always regretted; they make life worth the living wherever they are.

George W. Reber, of Harrison, Ill., who has been east some three or four weeks was the guest of Merchant H. W. Kreamer Monday, preparatory to taking his final departure for his western home. Mr. Reber, who just passed his sixty-sixth birthday on Monday, left Spring Bank eleven years ago and located in Illinois, where he is conducting large farm operations on a tract of four hundred acres and for which he pays an annual rental of $1600. Last year he had one hundred and fifty acres in corn, and although the storm did his crop injury to the extent of $500 00, Mr. Reber found that he was ahead in the game when counting up expenses. Oats, corn and rye are the crops grown by this gentleman, and when the product is sold it is able to walk on the scales itself in the shape of marketable hogs.

Public Sale Register.

MARCH 21, Thursday, David Bohn, two miles south of Boalsburg, on the Sparr farm, eight horses, nine cows, 14 head of young stock, hogs and farm implements. Sale at 9 o'clock.

John F. Breon—March 21, Spring Mills, farm stock, implements etc.

MARCH 22—Mrs M B Richards, Centre Hall, at 1 o'clock; household goods.

MARCH 23—G. W. Ocker, Centre Hall, 1 p. m.; household goods.

Joint Sale.—Annie R. Royer will offer for sale, at the same time and place of George W. Ocker's sale, in Centre Hall, March 23, one horse, 7 years old and will work anywhere, cow, carrying third calf, calf old from fall, hay and straw.

MARCH 25—Speer Burrell, one mile east of Penn Hall, 10 a. m.; farm stock and implements and stove and cooker.

MARCH 26—John C. Bible, at Stone Mill, 10 a. m. farm stock, implements, etc.

MARCH 28, Thursday—Mrs. John Showers, about 2 1-2 miles west of Centre Hall, at 1 p. m., farm stock and implements.

MARCH 29—Leonard Rhone, three miles west of Old Fort, at 10 a. m.; horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and farm implements.

MARCH 30, Saturday, at 1 p. m., Centre Hall, at the residence of J. W. Wolf, one fine Jersey cow, household goods, etc.

MARCH 20, at one o'clock, at the late residence of Franklin Wright, deceased, one and one half miles east of Colyer, horse, wagon, implements and household goods.—J. S. Houseman, administrator.

APRIL 1, at 12 o'clock, Rebecca Cummings and A. J. Cummings, adm'r., 2½ miles east of Linden Hall; farm stock and implements.

APRIL 2—At 10 a. m., 1½ miles east of Centre Hill, on the Bernard Wagner farm, the personal property of the late A. E. Meyer, Edward Sellers, Administrator; 6 work horses, 26 head head of cattle, 40 fine sheep, lot of hogs and farm implements.

APRIL 6, Saturday, 12 o'clock, ¾ mile south of Colyer, the personal property of David E. Young, deceased horses, cows, implements and household goods. David F. and Maggie E. Young, Executors.

"The Story of the Beaver," told by William Davenport Hulbert, in the April issue of McClure's, will give a complete and sympathetic account of an animal concerning which very little is commonly known.

The Star!

GEO. O. BENNER, . . . Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1889.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the following articles, which are new, fresh and up-to-date, and more than that—are low in price. We are so situated that we can sell you goods very low. Note prices on salt fish:

8 lb pail family white fish			55
10 "	"	"	65
15 "	"	"	90
20 lb. kegs	"	"	1 40
40 "	"	"	1 75

Clothes basket, dirt cheap, 25 cts.
Glass wash board, 35 cts.
American washing machine, $2.50.
10 qt. tin buckets—full size, 25 cts.
Curry combs—good size, 5 cts.
Special drive on Cal. prunes, 6 lbs. for 25 cts.
Shredded cocoanut, the thing for cake, 15c a lb.
Full supply of the following:
Evap. peaches, pears, prunes, apricots, raisins, Pearl tapioca, macaroni, Shaker corn, pickles cheese, rice, bananas, oranges, lemons, figs, dates, Junket tablets, butterfly syrup, fresh garden seeds, Sunlight and Fels Naptha soap, barb and smooth wire staples.

WANTED—Old Meat and Potatoes.

THE STAR.

CLEARING SALE!

Beginning with March 1st and closing with March 23rd I offer one-fourth off on all Winter Goods, as follows:
Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear, Woolen Hose, Mittens, Gloves, Men's and Boys' Caps, Men's Jersey and Wool Shirts, Duck Coats, Children's Coats, Hoods and Capes, Horse and Bed Blankets, Plush Lap Robes, Felt Boot Combinations, Lumbermen's Gums, BUCKLE ARTICS, WOMEN'S WARM LINED SHOES & SLIPPERS.
A small lot of Men's and Boys' Storm Coats at ONE-THIRD OFF—a bargain.
In addition we have a lot of odds and ends in Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes and Rubbers, which must go regardless of cost.

We have added a line of

INGRAIN CARPETS

which we now offer at 30, 32, 38 and 55 cts. and all wool at 65 cts.

INGRAIN STAIR at 28 and 38 cents.

Jute Filled Carpets at 29,32 and 55 cts.

RAG CARPETS at 30, 40 and 55 cts.

MATTINGS from 12 to 27 cents.

FLOOR CARPETS $1.35 for roll of 50 yds. or 3 cts. per yd.

The very best Table Oil Cloth
5-4—$2 00 per roll of 12 yards.
6 4—$2 75 " " " "

S. M Swartz, Tusseyville.

REPAIRING old Wheels costs more than new ones when you can buy 4 Buggy Wheels with Tire on and Boxes set for $7 25. I make all sizes and grades with Steel or Rubber Tire, ¾ to 4 in. Tread. Rubber Tire Buggies from $65 to $95. Call at factory or write for catalogue. I manufacture and handle a full line of Carriage and Wagon Hardware. Also Bicycle goods, Nails, Plumber's supplies, Dynamite, etc. W. W. BOOB, Centre Hall, Pa.

We are adding a

Men's and Boys' SHOE DEPARTMENT

TO OUR

CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods STORE.

Watch for Announcement.

We intend making this the best shoe store for men and boys

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

It will give you an opportunity to save money and also give us a chance to make this the largest, the best and the most popular MEN'S STORE in Central Pennsylvania. You know we do nothing by HALVES; everything will be FIRST-CLASS. SEE US IS ALL WE ASK.

New Spring Clothing and Gents' Wear of Every Description

are arriving DAILY. Stock not complete yet by any means, but enough of the choice new things are already here to tempt you to an early purchase. It will be much to your advantage to give us a call whether you buy or not.

See and Judge for Yourself.

M. FAUBLE & SON,
BELLEFONTE, PA.